BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (RETAIL SERVICES)

Term-End Examination June, 2011

BRS-004: BUSINESS ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Answer any five questions. All questions carries equal marks.

- information about the *financial Position*,

 Performance and change in financial Position of an enterprise that is useful to a wide range of users in making economic decisions". Explain and discuss the Key aspects highlighted in bold of this formal definition of the financial statement.
- 2. (a) What do the items "debit" and "credit" 10 actually means?
 - (b) Profit in the figure which links the profit and loss account and the balance sheet. Discuss.

- 3. Name the principal books and registers that are generally required to be maintained by a retail company. Explain the functions of each and also give illustrations of the more important of them.
- 4. Briefly *comment* on the following: 10x2=20
 - (a) Profit is thus contingent upon many adjustment, assumptions and estimates.
 - (b) Traditionally management accounting has been criticised for focusing on minimising costs rather than maximising revenues.
- **5.** Write short notes :
 - (a) Accounting Period. 10
 - (b) Posting of the Sales book. 10
- 6. Rearrange the following list of accounts and produce a trial balance.

| Account Payable | 9,000 | General Exp. | 1,000 |
|-----------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| A/c Receivable | 14,000 | Notes Payable | 11,000 |
| Capital | 32,000 | Rent Expenses | 5,000 |
| Cash | 20,000 | Salaries Exp. | 8,000 |
| Drawing | 4,000 | Supplies | 6,000 |
| Equipment | 18,000 | Supplies Exp. | 2,000 |
| Fees income | 26,000 | | |

| /. | mai | indicate the name of the account group-income 2 | | | | |
|----|------|---|-----|--|--|--|
| | (I), | (I), Expenses (E), Asset.(A), Liability (L) or Capital (C) in which each of the following a/c. below. | | | | |
| | Cap | | | | | |
| | belo | | | | | |
| | (a) | Accounts payable | | | | |
| | (b) | Account Receivables | | | | |
| | (c) | Building | | | | |
| | (d) | Supplies | | | | |
| | (e) | Cash . | | | | |
| | (f) | Drawing | | | | |
| | (g) | Equipment | | | | |
| | (h) | Fees income | | | | |
| | (i) | Interest Expenses | | | | |
| | (j) | Interest income | | | | |
| | (k) | Notes Payable | | | | |
| | (l) | Rent income | | | | |
| 0 | (-) | A second to a December on the accurate | 1.0 | | | |
| 8. | (a) | Accounting Records are kept on the accrual | 10 | | | |
| | | basis, except in the case of a very small business. Explain | | | | |
| | (b) | Book-Keeping in Accounting is a best way | 10 | | | |
| | (5) | to streamline the Accounts. | .10 | | | |
| | | to outcommittee the recommendation | | | | |