

**M.Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS
IN COMPUTER SCIENCE)**

M.Sc. (MACS)

Term-End Examination

December, 2010

00799

MMT-006 : FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : Question number 1 is compulsory. Do any four questions out of questions 2 to 7. Calculators are not allowed.

1. Are the following statements *true* or *false*? Justify your answer with the help of a short proof or a counter example. **5×2=10**
- (a) Every finite dimensional normed space is a Banach space.
 - (b) A continuous map on a normed space is a closed map.
 - (c) If A and B are unitary operators on a Hilbert space H , then the operator AB is unitary.
 - (d) C_{00} is a closed subspace of ℓ^∞ .
 - (e) The dual of a finite dimensional space is finite dimensional.

2. (a) State Hahn - Banach Extension theorem. 4
Use the theorem to prove the following result :

Let X be a normed space over K and $a \in X$ be such that $a \neq 0$. Then there exists an $f \in X'$ such that $f(a) = \|a\|$, $\|f\| = 1$ and $\|a\| = \text{Sup} \{ |f(a)| : f \in X', \|f\| \leq 1 \}$.

- (b) Show that a sub space Y of a Hilbert space 4
is dense if and only if $Y^\perp = \{0\}$.

- (c) Consider $X = K^2$ with two norms given by 2
 $\|x\|_1 = \max\{|x_1|, |x_2|\}$

$$\|x\|_2 = \sqrt{|x_1|^2 + |x_2|^2}$$

Let $T : (X, \|\cdot\|_1) \rightarrow (X, \|\cdot\|_2)$ be the linear operator defined by

$$T(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 + x_2, -x_1 + x_2).$$

Calculate $\|T\|$.

3. (a) Define an orthonormal set in an inner 3
product space. Check whether $\{u_n\}$ where $u_n = (0, 0, \dots, 0, 1, 0, 0, \dots)$, 1 occurs at the n^{th} place, is an orthonormal set in ℓ^2 .

- (b) Let X be a normed space and $P: X \rightarrow X$ be a 5
projection. Show that P is closed if and only if the sub spaces $R(P)$ and $Z(P)$ are closed in X . Also show that P is continuous if X is a Banach space.

- (c) Show that in a normed space the closure of 2
an open ball is a closed ball.

4. (a) Let $X = L^p[0,1]$ with $\|\cdot\|_p$ given by

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$$\|f\|_p = \left[\int_0^1 |f(t)|^p dt \right]^{1/p}, f \in X.$$

Here $1 \leq p < \infty$.

Let f and g be functions given by

$$f(t) = t, g(t) = 1-t, \forall t \in [0,1]$$

compute the following :

(i) $\|f\|_p$

(ii) $\|g\|_p$

(iii) $\|f+g\|_p$ and (iv) $\|f-g\|_p$.

Also show that the following relation holds for $p=2$.

$$\|f+g\|_2^2 + \|f-g\|_2^2 = 2 \left(\|f\|_2^2 + \|g\|_2^2 \right).$$

(b) Let p, q be such that $1 < p, q < \infty$, and 3

$$\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1.$$

Let $f \in L^q [0,1]$. Show that $f \in L^{p^*} [0,1]$, i.e. f defines a bounded linear functional on $L^p [0,1]$

(c) Let X be a normed space. Show that every bounded linear functional on X is a compact operator from X to K . 2

5. (a) Let X and Y be normed spaces. Then show that the following hold : 6
- (i) If Y is a Banach space, then $BL(X, Y)$ is a Banach space.
- (ii) If X is a Banach space, then the quotient space X/Y is a Banach space.
- (b) Let B be a convex subset of a normed space X . Show that the interior B° and the closure \bar{B} are convex subsets of X . 4
- If $B^\circ \neq \emptyset$, then show that $\bar{B} = \overline{B^\circ}$.

6. (a) Let $H = \ell^2$. Let A be the operator on H given by : 4

$$A(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots) = (0, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots).$$

Find A^* . Is A normal? Justify.

- (b) Let X and Y be normed spaces. 6

Let $F \in BL(X, Y)$ and $F' \in BL(Y', X')$

be given by :

For $y' \in Y'$ and $x \in X$,

$$F'(y')(x) = y'(F(x)).$$

Then show that

- (i) $Z(F') = \{y' \in Y' : y'(y) = 0 \text{ for all } y \in R(F)\}$.
- (ii) $Z(F) = \{x \in X : x'(x) = 0 \text{ for all } x' \in R(F')\}$
- (iii) F' is one - to - one if and only if $R(F)$ is dense in Y .

7. (a) Define a reflexive normed space. Show that a closed subspace of a reflexive space is reflexive. Use this result to show that the normed space ℓ^∞ is not reflexive. 5
- (b) Let $\{u_1, u_2, \dots\}$ be a countable orthonormal set in an inner product space X and $x \in X$. Then show that : 5

$$\sum_n |\langle x, u_n \rangle|^2 \leq \|x\|^2.$$
