69200

## M.Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE) M.Sc. (MACS)

**Term-End Examination** 

December, 2010

**MMT-005: COMPLEX ANALYSIS** 

Time: 1½ hours Maximum Marks: 25

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from question number 2 to 5. Use of calculator is not allowed.

- State giving reasons whether the following 5x2 statements are true or false:
  - (a)  $\int_{C} z^2 dz = 0$  for any simple closed Contour C.
  - (b)  $f(z) = \sinh z$  is bounded in the complex plane.
  - (c)  $f(z) = \tan z$  has a removable singularity at  $z = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
  - (d) If f(z) is an analytic function such that real part of f(z) is 1 then f(z) = 1.
  - (e)  $f(z) = \frac{2z-1}{2-z}$  has a unique point of maximum modulus in  $D = \{z : |z| \le 1\}$ .
- 2. (a) Using  $\epsilon \delta$  definition of limit prove that 3  $\lim_{z \to \infty} \left( \frac{z+1}{z^2} \right) = 0.$

(b) Let f(z) be defined as

2

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{\overline{z}}{z}^2 & , z \neq 0 \\ 0 & , z = 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that f'(0) does not exist.

3. (a) Find the set of all those complex numbers which satisfy the following equation:  $e^z = -2$ .

(b) Let C denote the circle |z| = 2, described in the Counter-Clockwise direction. Show that

$$\left| \int_{C} \frac{\text{Logz}}{z^2} dz \right| \leq \pi (\underline{\pi + lnz}).$$

4. (a) Let  $f(z) = \frac{10z^3}{z^2(z^2+9)}$  and let 2

 $C_1$  denote the circle |z| = 2 in the counter clockwise direction and  $C_2$  is the circle |z| = 1 in the clockwise direction. Then

prove that 
$$\int_{C_1} f(z) dz = - \int_{C_2} f(z) dz$$

(b) Find the image of the square with vertices at (-1+i), (1+i), (1-i) and -(1+i) under the transformation  $\omega = \mathrm{e}^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}$  (z+1+i).

5. Show that 
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{2d\theta}{\left(2+\sqrt{2} \sin \theta\right)} = 2\sqrt{2} \pi$$

