POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL JUSTICE (PGDCJ)

Term-End Examination December, 2010

MLE-014 : CRIMINAL JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: The question paper has been divided into 3 parts.

Part A, Part B, Part C. From Part A you have to attempt any 4 questions. From Part B you have to attempt any 4 questions and from Part C you have to attempt any 2 questions. All questions are compulsory.

PART 'A'

You have to attempt any 4 questions from this part. Each question carry 5 marks. (not exceeding 200 words) 5x4=20

- Write a note on the basic characteristics of Indian Police Organization.
- 2. Write a note on Custodial Violence.
- 3. What are the basic elements of Community Policing?
- 4. Write a note on After care and rehabilitation.

- 5. Write a note on the inherent powers of High Court under the CRPC, 1973.
- 6. Write a note on the constitutional basis of judicial control of executive function.

PART 'B'

Answer any 4 questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks. 10x4=40

- 1. Explain the International Human Rights provisions against torture.
- 2. Write a note on the evolution of the concept of community policing and its linkages with Democratic Policing.
- 3. Write a note on the rights and duties of prisoners as provided under the Model Prison Manual, 2003.
- What is Remission? What types of remission are provided under the Model Prison Manual, 2003.
- 5. Discuss the concept of plea bargaining.
- **6.** What are the International norms pertaining to speedy trial?

PART 'C'

Answer any 2 questions from this part. Each question carries 20 marks. (not exceeding 500 words) 20x2=40

- Discuss the power of Police to arrest and police accountability.
- 2. Write note on any two.
 - (a) The Prisons Act, 1894.
 - (b) Critical analysis of The Prisons Act, 1894.
 - (c) Identification of Prisoners Act, 1920.
- 3. Discuss the law relating to the Rights of Prisoners in India and also recommendations made by various committees for strengthening them.
- 4. Discuss various guidelines that have been laid down to guide judges in the matter of sentencing offenders with special reference USA, UK and Indian practices.