Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

ADVANCED CERTIFICATE IN POWER DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

Term-End Examination December, 2010

BEE-001: POWER DISTRIBUTION SECTOR

Note: This paper has three sections. Attempt all sections.			
SECTION - A			
	Atte	mpt all questions: 10x1=10	
1.	(i)	The interconnected transmission system within each of the five regions of the country is called the	
	(ii)	The designated consumer should get an energy audit conducted by an	
	(iii)	All appliances and motors give good performance for long duration if voltage is maintained by the supplier.	
	(iv)	The meters installed at interface points of generation - transmission and transmission distribution are called	
	(v)	is the high voltage backbone system of the interconnected transmission lines, sub-stations and generating plants.	

(vi)	control provides appropriate placement of compensation devices to ensure a satisfactory voltage profile while minimizing the power losses and the cost of compensation.
(vii)	are mechanical switching devices capable of opening or closing a circuit when a negligible current is broken or made.
(viii)	CTs have two inherent errors:and
(ix)	All voltage transformers are designed for a standard secondary voltage of V or V.
(x)	CTs are designed to provide a standard secondary current ofA or A, when rated current flows through the primary

SECTION - B

Attempt all questions in this section:

10x3=30

- 2. What do you understand by AT & C losses?
- 3. What are the activities involved in distribution system planning?
- 4. What are the cost benefits of PF improvement?
- 5. What are the different types of circuit breakers used in a distribution system?
- 6. What are the factors that influence the selection of cable?
- 7. Distinguish between current and voltage transformers.
- 8. How are transformers classified?
- 9. Describe the role of CERC in tariff regulation.
- 10. Elaborate the important properties for KPIs.
- 11. What is balanced score card?

SECTION - C

Attempt any ten questions:

10x6=60

- 12. Outline the aims and objectives of the Electricity Act, 2003. In what sense is it different from the Electricity Acts preceding it?
- 13. How does the NEP help in realising the aims and objectives of Electricity Act, 2003?
- **14.** Outline the impediments, if any, in carrying out reforms in the power distribution sector.
- **15.** What configurations of feeder networks can be used in a distribution system?
- **16.** Explain the impact of LT/HT ratio on losses and voltage.
- 17. Discuss measures to avoid DTR failure at the O and M level.
- 18. What do you understand by Bench marking? Explain giving examples.
- 19. Distinguish between different types of bench marking giving real world examples.
- 20. What do you understand by Customer Relationship Management(CRM)? How CRM can be applied in organisations in the power business sector?
- 21. Explain the KPIs for supply availability and reliability.
- 22. Elaborate your understanding about voltage quality standards.
- 23. What factors contribute to high technical losses in power distribution sector?
- 24. Describe the measures that can be taken to reduce technical losses in power distribution sector .
- 25. How can you improve the billing and collection in a distribution utility? Explain with examples.