02684

POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING)

Term-End Examination December, 2010

BNS-105: BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES (Sociology, General Psychology and Educational Psychology)

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions:

Behavioural Sciences course comprises of the following two parts:

PART A: Sociology — 35 Marks

PART B: General Psychology & — 35 Marks

Educational Psychology

Students appearing for Behavioural Sciences course examination should follow the relevant instructions given below:

The students should answer the questions of both the parts in separate answer sheets provided. On the top of each answer sheet, the student should enter the Enrolment No., Course Code, Course Title and Parts.

Note: Attempt all questions.

PART - A: SOCIOLOGY

- 1. (a) Describe the meaning of Caste. 2+3=5
 - (b) List *any six* differences between Caste and Class.
- 2. (a) State the functions of Family. 2+3=5
 - (b) Discuss the status and Role of Women within the family.
- (a) Discuss the Health problems associated with Industrialization.
 - (b) List the characteristics of Indian Villages.
- 4. Write short notes about the following: 5x3=15
 - (a) Socialization.
 - (b) Social Mobility.
 - (c) Relationship between Society and Health.
 - (d) Components of culture.
 - (e) Benefits of community participation.

PART - B : GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY AND EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of questions at one place.

- 1. (a) Define Psychology. 1+4=5
 - (b) Explain any one method of psychology with example from clinical experience.
- (a) List the categories of theories of personality.
 (b) Explain any one theory of personality.
- 3. Explain the classical conditioning theory of 5 learning.
- (a) Explain how individual differences originate.
 - (b) Describe the importance of learning individual differences in nursing.
- 5. Write short notes on *any two* of the following. 2x5=10
 - (a) Sources of frustration and reaction to frustration
 - (b) Determinants of intelligence.
 - (c) Errors of Perception.
 - (d) Types of memory.

1x5=5

- (a) Redirecting repressed motives and feelings into more socially accepted channels is the defense mechanism called ______.
- (b) A state of focused awareness with a readiness to respond is known as
- (c) Any thing a person does that can be observed in some way is called
- (d) Learning that becomes evident only when the occasion for using it arises is ______ learning.
- (e) A subjective feeling state which can influence perception, thinking, behaviour is