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BCS-012

APPLICATIONS (BCA) (REVISED) BACHELOR OF COMPUTER

Term-End Examination

June, 2023

BCS-012: BASIC MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

 $Note: Question \ Number \ I$ is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from the remaining

questions.

1. (a) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{bmatrix} a & 1 \\ b & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $(A + B)^2 = A^2 + B^2$, find a and b .

(b) Show that n(n+1)(2n+1) is a multiple of 6 for every natural number n

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(c) If 1, ω and ω^2 are cube roots of unity, show

$$(2-\omega)(2-\omega^2)(2-\omega^{10})(2-\omega^{11})=49.$$

(d) Show that $|\stackrel{\rightarrow}{a}|\stackrel{\rightarrow}{b}+|\stackrel{\rightarrow}{b}|\stackrel{\rightarrow}{a}$ is perpendicular vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} . to $\begin{vmatrix} \overrightarrow{a} & \overrightarrow{b} - \begin{vmatrix} \overrightarrow{b} & \overrightarrow{a} \end{vmatrix}$, for any two non-zero

Solve roots of the equation are in A.P. $2x^3 - 15x^2 + 37x - 30 = 0$, given that the equation

Evaluate the integral:

 $I = \int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^3} \, dx \, .$

(h) Prove that the three medians of a triangle in the ratio 2:1 triangle which divides each of the medians Use first derivative test to find the local meet at a point called centroid of the $f(x) = x^3 - 12x.$ maxima and local minima if the function

2 (a) Verify that $2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^n = 2^{n+1} - 2$; using the principle of mathematical numbers). induction. (Here, n represents natural

(b) Determine the 10th term of the Harmonic

Progression
$$\frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{15}, \frac{1}{23}, \dots$$
 5

(c) Evaluate:

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + x}$$

Solve the following system of equations, by

using Cramer's rule:

$$x + 2y + 2z = 3$$
$$3x - 2y + z = 4$$

$$x + y + z = 2$$

$$x + y + z = 2$$

 ω

$$x=a+b$$
,

$$y = a\omega + b\omega^2,$$

$$z = a\omega^2 + b\omega$$
. Verify that $xyz = a^3 + b^3$. 5

(where ω is cube root of unity and $\omega \neq 1$).

(b) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$,

perform

the

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following:

5+5

(i) Determine A^{-1} and A^3 .

(ii) Verify that
$$A^2 - 4A - 5I_3 = 0$$
.

- (c) If the roots of $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$ are in A.P., show that $2b^3 - 9abc + 27a^2d = 0$.
- Determine the points of local extrema of the function:

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^4 - 8x^3 + \frac{45}{2}x^2 + 2015$$
.

(b) Calculate the shortest distance between vectors \vec{r}_1 and \vec{r}_2 given below:

$$\vec{r}_1 = (1 + \lambda)\hat{i} + (2 - \lambda)\hat{j} + (1 + \lambda)\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = 2(1+\mu)\hat{i} + (+2-\mu)\hat{j} + (-1+2\mu)\hat{k}$$

- Determine the values of x for which the function $f(x) = 5x^{3/2} - 3x^{5/2}$, (x > 0) is:
- (i) increasing
- (ii) decreasing

- (d) If |z-2i|=|z+2i|, verify that Im(z)=0 (where z is a complex number).
- 5. (a) Find the direction cosines of the line passing through the two points (1, 2, 3) and (-1, 1, 0).

(b) Find the area bounded by the curves

 $y = x^2$ and y = x.

(c) Two tailors A and B earn ₹ 150 and ₹ 200 per day respectively. Tailor A can stitch 6 shirts and 4 pants while Tailor B can stitch 10 shirts and 4 pansts per day. How many days shall each work if it is desired to produce (at least) 60 shirts and 32 pants at a minimum labour cost? Also calculate the least cost.