

**POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL
JUSTICE (PGDCJ)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2015

MLE-011 : CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : *The question paper has been divided into three parts, Part-A, Part-B and Part-C. In Part-A you have to attempt 4 questions. From Part-B you have to attempt 4 questions and from Part-C you have to attempt 2 questions. All the questions are compulsory.*

PART - A

You have to attempt **any four** questions from this part. Each question carries **5** marks.

(Not exceeding 150 words) :

4x5=20

1. Discuss the essential elements of crime.
2. Advantages of probation system.
3. What is criminal accountability ? Discuss.
4. Define criminology and its objects.
5. "Victimology is a branch of criminology." Discuss.
6. Give a brief description of prosecution system.

PART - B

Attempt **any four** questions from this part. Each question carries **10** marks. (Not exceeding **500** words)

4x10=40

1. "The system should punish the offender so that the society may be saved from his misdeeds." Explain.
2. Discuss the aims and objects of parole system in India.
3. How the directive principles of state policy are important to achieve socio-economic goals of the governance of the country ? Discuss.
4. What do you understand by body type of criminal behaviour ? Explain.
5. Discuss contribution of W.C. Reckless in the field of criminology.
6. Indian criminal justice system is adversary in nature and depends upon the version of prosecution and defense. Explain.

PART - C

Attempt **any two** questions from this part. Each question carries **20** marks. (Not exceeding **1200** words)

2x20=40

1. Approaches to crime have been different at different stages of human civilisation and even at a given time they have been different in various societies. Illustrate.

2. Under criminal jurisprudence the law of evidence being a procedural law is the basis of administration of justice. Justify your answer in detail.
 3. Differential Association Theory was the first major sociological theory of criminal behaviour. Critically examine, in the light of present social perspectives.
 4. Prisons are the most significant institutions to implement the correctional process of criminal justice. Explain with the support of conceptual framework of the process in detail.
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