

No. of Printed Pages : 8 **MPH-002/MPH-003**

**M. SC. (PHYSICS) (MSCPH)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2024**

**Part-A MPH-002 : CLASSICAL MECHANICS—I**

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**Part-B MPH-003 : ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY**

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

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***Instructions :***

- 1. Students registered for both MPH-002 and MPH-003 courses should answer both the question papers in two separate answer books entering their enrolment number, course code and course title clearly on both the answer books.*
  - 2. Students who have registered for any of the MPH-002 or MPH-003 should answer the relevant question paper after entering their enrolment number, course code and course title on the answer book.*
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**P. T. O.**

## Part-A

## MPH-002 : CLASSICAL MECHANICS—I

Time :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

Maximum Marks : 25

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*Note : All questions are compulsory. However, internal choices are given. Marks for each question are indicated against it. You may use a calculator. Symbols have their usual meanings.*

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1. Attempt any **one** part : 5×1=5
  - (a) A block of mass  $m$  slides down a fixed inclined plane without friction. The inclined plane makes an angle  $\theta$  with the horizontal. Calculate the acceleration of the block and its position as a function of time. 5
  - (b) Write down the equations for the constraints for three point masses connected by rigid rods of length  $L$ . What are holonomic and non-holonomic constraints ? 3+2

2. Attempt any **one** part : 5×1=5

(a) A bead of mass  $m$  slides on a smooth rod which is rotating about one fixed end in a vertical plane with uniform angular velocity  $\omega$ . Write the Lagrangian for the system and obtain the equation of motion. 5

(b) Consider a head-on collision between two masses  $m$  and  $2m$  which are travelling in the same direction with velocities  $\vec{u}_1$  and  $\vec{u}_2$ , respectively. If the kinetic energy of particle with mass  $2m$  is half of the other particle before the collision, calculate the value of  $\frac{u_1}{u_2}$  such that the particle with mass  $2m$  will be at rest after collision. Also calculate  $\frac{v_1}{u_1}$ , if  $v_1$  is the velocity of the particle with mass  $m$  after the collision. 5

3. Attempt any **one** part : 5×1=5

(a) (i) Write the mathematical expression for virial theorem of Clausius for periodic motion. 2

(ii) Using virial theorem, show that  $2\langle T \rangle + \langle V \rangle = 0$  for a particle moving in a central force field where  $V(r) = Kr^{-1}$ .

3

(b) Show that the Laplace-Runge-Lenz vector is a conserved quantity for  $f(r) = -\frac{k}{r^2}$  where  $f(r)$  is the force as a function of distance and  $k$  is some constant. 5

4. Attempt any **one** part : 10×1=10

(a) (i) Consider a particle of mass  $m$  subjected to a force,  $F = mAe^{-\frac{\lambda}{t}}$ . Obtain  $q(t)$  using the initial conditions  $q(0) = 0$  and  $\dot{q}(0) = 0$ . 5

- (ii) A particle of mass  $m$  moves freely on the surface of a sphere of radius  $R$ . The Lagrangian for such a system is given as :

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m R^2 (\dot{\theta}^2 + \sin^2 \theta \dot{\phi}^2)$$

Obtain the equations of motion. Show that  $p_\phi$  is a constant of motion. 4+1

- (b) Consider a double pendulum with masses  $m_1, m_2$  and lengths  $l_1, l_2$ . Write down the V and T matrices for the system. 10

## Part-B

## MPH-003 : ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

Time :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

Maximum Marks : 25

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*Note: All questions are compulsory. Marks for each question are indicated against it. Symbols have their usual meanings. You can use calculator.*

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1. Answer any **three** parts : 3×5=15

(a) Use Gauss's law to determine the electric field due to a uniform infinite line charge carrying linear charge density  $\lambda$ . Give appropriate diagram. 4+1

(b) Solve Poisson's equation to obtain the electric potential and electric field due to a line charge along the  $x$ -axis having constant charge per unit length for the following boundary conditions : 5

$$V(x) = 0 \text{ at } x = 0 \text{ and } V(x) = V_0 \text{ at } x = L$$

- (c) Distinguish between polar and non-polar dielectrics. A dielectric block is polarized such that

$$\vec{P} = 2.2 \times 10^{-7} (x\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + \hat{k}) \text{Cm}^{-2}$$

Calculate the bound volume charge density for the block. 2+3

- (d) Show that the torque on a current loop placed in a uniform magnetic field is given by : 5

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{m} \times \vec{B}$$

- (e) What do you understand by domain of a ferromagnetic material ? Explain the processes through which domains in a ferromagnetic material change under the influence of external magnetic field. 5

2. Answer any *one* part : 1×10=10

- (a) Using the multiple expansion technique, obtain an expression for electric potential due to a charge distribution at a far away point. 10

- (b) Write the *four* fundamental laws of electricity and magnetism. Why are these laws called the fundamental laws ? State the symmetries in these laws. What are the asymmetries in the fundamental laws of electricity and magnetism ?

4+1+2+3