No. of Printed Pages : 4 MMTE-006

M. SC. (MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE) [M. SC. (MACS)] Term-End Examination

June, 2024

MMTE-006 : CRYPTOGRAPHY

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : (i) There are six questions in this paper. Do any four from Q. No. 1 to Q. No. 5.

(ii) Question No. 6 is compulsory.

(iii) Use of calculator is not allowed.

1. (a) Find a generator for the finite field :

$$\frac{\mathbf{F}_{2}[x]}{\left\langle x^{3}+x+1\right\rangle }$$

Also, write all the elements of the finite fields in polynomial representation. 4

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- (b) Explain the Diffie-Hellman key exchange protocol. 3
- (c) Explain how the keyed cryptographic hash function is better than the normal hash function.
- 2. (a) Define a pseudoprime to a base b,b∈N. Show that, if n is a pseudoprime to the bases b₁ and b₂, then n is also a pseudoprime to the base b₁b₂ and b₁b₂⁻¹, where b₂⁻¹ is the inverse of b₂ modulo n. 4
 - (b) Solve the equation :

3.

 $14^x \equiv 22 \pmod{97}$

using baby step-giant step algorithm. 6 Explain the main goals of cryptography. (a) 4 Check whether the following sequence (b) passes poker test : 6 10011101 1101 1011 0011 1101 0111 0100 0010 1100 0010 0101

you may like to use the following values :

$$\chi^2_{0.05,1} = 3.84146\,, \ \chi^2_{0.05,3} = 7.81473\,.$$

4. (a) Representing :

$$\mathbf{F}_{2^{8}} = \frac{\mathbf{F}_{2}[x]}{\langle g(x) \rangle},$$

where $g(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$, find inverse of the byte 10001100 in \mathbf{F}_{2^8} . 4

- (b) For a RSA cryptosystem with parameter n = 899, encryption key e = 11 and $\phi(n) = 840$, find the decryption exponent *d*. Encrypt the message $\mu = 10$. Also, factorise *n*. 6
- 5. (a) Explain the difference between AKS algorithm and the Rabin Miller algorithm.

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(b) Describe the Caesar cipher and Affine cipher. How are these two ciphers related ?

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- (c) Describe the key scheduling of RC4 and its pseudo random generation algorithm. Give *two* examples where RC4 encryption is being used.
- Which of the following statements are true and which are false ? Justify your answer with a short proof or a counter-example, whichever is appropriate : 10
 - (i) Hash functions provide confidentiality.

- (ii) If n = 391 for an RSA cryptosystem e = 11 is a valid encryption exponent.
- (iii) Vigenere cipher is a monoalphabetic cipher.
- (iv) In digital signature schemes, the hash of the message is signed using the sender's public key.
- (v) The digital signature standard algorithm uses two p and q such gcd (p 1, q) = 1.