## [2] MMT-002

Find the matrix of T relative to the bases

 $\{(1, 1), (1, -1)\}$  of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $\{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$  of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

(b) Find the spectral decomposition of : 3

-1	1	-1]
1	1	1
1	1	1

2. Solve the system of differential equations :

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} = Ay(t)$$

where 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $y(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . 5

3. Find the singular value decomposition of :

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Also, find its Moore-Penrose inverse.

4. (a) If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 determine the behaviour of  $A^i$   
is  $i \to \infty$ .

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MASTER IN MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS TO COMPUTER SCIENCE

Term-End Examination

## June, 2024

## **MMT-002 : LINEAR ALGEBRA**

Time : 1½ Hours M

Maximum Marks : 25

**MMT-002** 

- *Note* : (i) There are **five** questions in this paper.
  - (ii) The fifth question is compulsory.
  - (iii) Do any *three* questions from Q. 1 toQ. 4.
  - (iv) Use of calculators is *not* allowed.
- 1. (a) Let  $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be a linear transformation defined by :

$$T(x, y) = (x + y, x - y, -y)$$

**P.T.O.** 

(b) Find the QR decomposition of :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 3

- 5. Which of the following statements are true and which are false ? Justify your answer with a short proof or a counter example, whichever is appropriate. 10
  - (i) If two matrices have the same characteristic polynomial and the same minimal polynomial they are similar.
  - (ii) Every positive definite matrix is invertible.
  - (iii) QR decomposition of any matrix is unique.
  - (iv) If  $A \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$  A and  $A^*$  commute, then A is unitarily diagonalisable.
  - (v) If  $A \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$ , A = N + D, where N is a nilpotent matrix and D is a diagonal matrix, then ND = DN.

[3]