[2] MCMM-003–MCMM-103

(a) Name the most likely causes.	2
----------------------------------	---

- (b) What findings should be looked for in the eye examination ?
- (c) Which investigations should be done to confirm the diagnosis.
- (d) How is this condition treated. 5
- (e) Why is it important to start treatment of this condition before starting ART.

PART-B

- Note :- Write the answers of the following within 1000 words each.
- 2. Describe the clinical features, differential diagnosis and treatment of Pneumocystis pneumonia.

4+3+3=10

 What are the syndromes included in the National STI/RTI control and prevention program. Briefly outline the syndromic case management of STI/RTI. 5+5=10

No. of Printed Pages : 3

POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN HIV MEDICINE (PGDHIVM)

Term-End Examination

June, 2024

MCMM-003/MCMM-103 : SYSTEMIC INVOLVEMENT IN HIV AND STI

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

MCMM-003/

MCMM-103

Note :- All questions are compulsory.

PART-A

- Note :- Write the answers to the following within 1500 words each.
- A 35 years old male, HIV positive, ART naive, presented with complaints of painless diminition of vision and floaters in left eye, for last 2 weeks. He had no other symptoms. His CD-4 count was 80 cell/mm²:

[3] MCMM-003–MCMM-103

 What are the common causes of dysphagia and odynophagia in HIV infected individuals. Describe briefly clinical features, diagnosis and treatment of Oropharyngeal candidiasis. 4+2+2+2=10

PART-C

- **Note :** Write short notes on the following within **500** words each. $5 \times 4=20$
- 5. (a) HIV associated nephropathy.
 - (b) Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML).
 - (c) Non-AIDS defining malignancies.
 - (d) Three I's recommended by WHO for reducing the burden of Tuberculosis among HIV infected individuals.

* * *