**BEGLA-135** 

No. of Printed Pages: 7

## B. A. (GENERAL) (BAG)

## (Vocational Studies) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (BAVMSME) Term-End Examination

June, 2023

**BEGLA-135: ENGLISH IN DAILY LIFE** 

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

**Note**: Attempt all questions.

1. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

The Greeks created the world's first democracies, now the officially preferred form of government the world over.

Democracy meant rule by all people. The introduction of this form of government was a genuine revolution in human history. There was little in the world of the Mediterranean

and Middle East C. 600 B. C., where absolute monarchies and priestly hierarchies were the norm to suggest that this was about to happen. But in Greece, hereditary monarchy was dying had already been replaced by out or aristocracies or tyrants (meaning, in the context of Greece, unconstitutional rulers with broad popular support, not necessarily dictators), while there separate was a priesthood. Even more crucial perhaps, in the Classical Age (C. 500-300 B. C.) Greece was never unified into a large, centrally controlled state. Instead, it remained divided into scores of fiercely independent city-states. This was partly due to geography. Lacking large river valleys or plains, Greece is divided by mountains into small valleys, which inherently encouraged such individualism. But the results made Greek civilization as it developed focused on each city-state or 'polis'-crucially different from all earlier civilization.

- (A) Answer the following questions:
  - (i) Describe the form of government created by the Greeks. 5
  - (ii) What was the 'norm' in the Mediterranean and the Middle East C. 600 B. C.?
  - (iii) Why was Greece never unified into a centrally controlled state? 5
  - (iv) Suggest a suitable title for the passage and give justification for your chosen title.
- (B) Give the synonyms of the following words:

5

- (i) Monarchy
- (ii) Tyrant
- (iii) Aristoracies
- (iv) Hierarchy
- (v) Crucial

5

	(C)	Write a brief paragraph on Democracy and		
		Greek Civilisation (Circa 600 B. C. – 300		
		B. C.). 5		
2.	Write short notes on any two of the following in			
	abo	ut <b>300-350</b> words each : 20		
	(i)	Online Education		
	(ii)	Life during the pandemic		
	(iii)	Importance of examination		
	(iv)	Helping the elderly		
	(v)	"You may say I'm a dreamer/But I'm not		
		the only one." How do you think the dream		
		of a better world may be realised?		
3.	(A)	Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of		

the verbs given in the box:

backgrounds.

from

(i)

The student body of our University

diverse cultural

	(ii)	Rahul and Rita to the gym
		everyday.
	(iii)	Lots of students here to study
		from outside the state.
	(iv)	A number of girls absent
	(v)	Ajay and I home.
		come, is, go, stay, are
(B)	Fill	in the blanks with the correct
	prep	positions: 5
	(i)	He came five o'clock.
	(ii)	He is standing John and Rita.
	(iii)	They stood firm their nights.
	(iv)	She is excited her trip to Paris.
	(v)	She is married a dentist.
(C)	Fill	in the blanks with correct articles: 5
	(i)	She was determined to join
		University.

(D)

4. (A)

(ii) Armstrong was first man to					
walk on moon.					
(iii) The nature abhors vacuum.					
(iv) Her father was European.					
(v) We are flying over Pacific					
Ocean.					
Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs: 5					
(i) He is a skilled painter.					
(ii) Very, she opened the windows.					
(iii), they agreed to the terms.					
(iv) He tried to find a job and					
got one.					
Hints: slowly, highly, hard, eventually,					
finally.					
Write a dialogue between two friends					
discussing on any one of the following					
topics: 15					
(i) Role of Media in present day world					

Or

- (ii) Dangers of climate change
- (B) Write seven or eight diary entries for the day something significant happened in your life.15