

**MASTER OF COMPUTER
APPLICATION (MCA) (REVISED)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2022

**MCS-031 : DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF
ALGORITHMS**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

***Note :** Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any
three questions from the remaining questions.*

1. (a) Write an algorithm that finds the real roots, if any, of a quadratic equation : 5

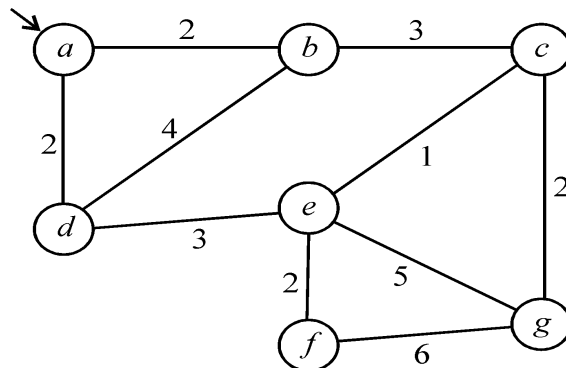
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

where a, b and c are real numbers.

- (b) Write and explain recursive algorithm to find the factorial of any given number $n \geq 0$. 5

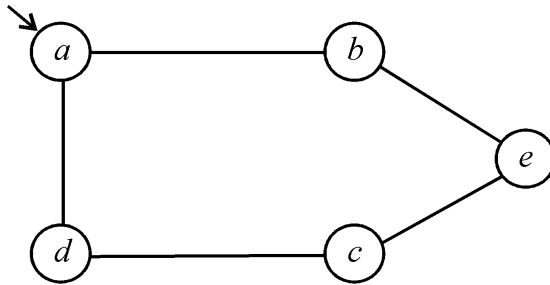
- (c) Prove that $f(x) = 2n^3 + 3n + 5$ is $O(n^3)$, where O indicates “Big-oh” notation. 5

- (d) Show that Strassen's matrix multiplication method takes $O(n^{2.81})$ to multiply two matrices A and B of order $(n \times n)$. 5
- (e) Differentiate between Divide and Conquer, and dynamics programming technique for solving problems. 5
- (f) Write binary search algorithm and find its time complexity in the worst case. 5
- (g) What is Push Down Automata ? How is it different from Finite Automata ? 5
- (h) Write a regular expression and design a finite automata to generate all strings of odd lengths over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. 5
2. (a) Write Prim's algorithm for finding minimum cost spanning tree (MST). Obtain the minimum cost spanning tree (MST) for the following graph using Prim's algorithm ('a' is starting vertex): 10



- (b) Define a Breadth-First Search (BFS). Give the breadth first traversal for the undirected graph given below starting from vertex 'a',

5



- (c) Multiply 2345×1263 using Karatsuba's method. 5
3. (a) Sort the following elements using Heap sort : 10

10, 28, 46, 39, 15, 12, 18, 9, 56, 2

Show each step involved in creation and processing of heap.

- (b) Explain how dynamic programming can be used to solve matrix chain multiplication. Apply the algorithm to multiply the following : 10

4 matrices $\langle M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4 \rangle$ with dimensions $\langle (15, 3) (3, 10), (10, 2), (2, 5) \rangle$.

4. (a) Write the Context-Free Grammar (CFG) for the following : 10
- (i) $L = \{a^n b^m c^m : n, m \geq 1\}$
- (ii) $L = \{a^n b^n c^m d^m : m, n \geq 0\}$
- (b) What is NP-complete problem ? Is it necessary that every NP-complete problem must also be a NP-hard problem ? Justify. 5
- (c) Explain Chomsky's classification of grammars. 5
5. (a) Explain the term 'polynomial time reduction'. Explain how the CLIQUE problem can be transformed to the vertex cover problem (VCP). 10
- (b) Design a Turing Machine (TM) for the language :
- $$L \left\{ \omega \subset \omega^R : \omega \in \{a, b\}^* \right\}$$
- where ω^R is the reverse of ω . 5
- (c) What is undecidability ? Give an example for an undecidable problem. 5