BACHELOR'S DEGREE PROGRAMME

Term-End Examination

June, 2020

BEGE-102 : THE STRUCTURE OF MODERN ENGLISH

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) Attempt all questions.

- (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. (a) Write short notes on any two of the following: 5 each
 - (i) Indefinite pronous
 - (ii) Morphemes
 - (iii) Subordination as linking device
 - (iv) Obstruents and sonorants

	(b)	Mark the primary stress in the	following
		words:	1 each
		(i) afternoon	
		(ii) present (noun)	
		(iii) ability	
		(iv) abide	·
		(v) civilization	
		(vi) academic	
		(vii) father	`
		(viii)director	
		(ix) comfort	
		(x) industrial	
2.	(a)	Write notes on any <i>two</i> of the follow	ving :
			5 each

(i) Difference between plosives and affricates

- (ii) Major parts of speech
- (iii) Weak forms in connected speech
- (iv) Types of sentences
- (b) Give three-term label (voicing, place of articulation and manner of articulation) for the following English consonants. The first one has been done for you.

|p|-voiceless, bilabial, plosive

- (i) | m |
- (ii) |s|
- (iii) |t|
- (iv) |j|
- (v) |1|
- (c) Analyse the structure of the following words by giving step by step derivation: 5
 - (i) organisational
 - (ii) multicultural

3.	(a)	What do you understand by conversion
		Discuss the different types of conversion
		with examples.

- (b) Give full descriptions of the pronoun which is underlined in each sentence (person, number, gender, case):
 - (i) This matter is their.
 - (ii) She is as intelligent as him.
 - (iii) Let's party tonight.
 - (iv) Lend this to him.
 - (v) This problem is not yours.
- (c) Write down the phonetic symbol for the vowel sound represented by the underlined letter(s) in each of the following words.

 (According to R. P.):

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 - (i) sh<u>oo</u>k

(ii) <u>a</u> bout					
(iii) b <u>u</u> t					
(iv) caught					
(v) c <u>a</u> t					
What are allomorphs	? How are				
they conditioned ?	Explain with				
examples.	10				
Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of					
the verbs given in the brackets: 5					

4. (a)

- (b)
 - (i) Recent research studies (suggest) that years of cigarette smoking rastly(increase) the risk of developing fatal medical conditions.
 - (ii) Four times two (be) eight.

- (iii) Everybody (need) to think about environmental protection.
- (iv) In 2005 the domestic violence bill (pass).
- (c) Combine the following sentences to make
 one sentence without using 'and' or
 'but':

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 - (i) A: Prisons make prisoners worse.B: They should be abolished.
 - (ii) A: The first week in the university was interesting.

B: It was also overwhelming.

(iii) A: Prisons make prisoners worse.

B: We need prisons to control crime.

(iv) A: He came to the class.

B: Lecture had already started.

(v) A: She came to my house.

B: She had to borrow a book.

- 5. (a) What is the difference between relative clauses and appositive clauses? Explain with examples.
 - (b) Do as directed:

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- (i) I went to the gym. (Make negative using not).
- (ii) She invited <u>her friend</u>. (Make whquestion corresponding to the underlined part of the sentence).
- (iii) She learns yoga. (Make an interrogative sentence of yes-no type)
- (iv) Get well soon. (Identify the sentence type and the illocutionary force)
- (v) The food was cooked by the husband.(Rewrite in the active voice).

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- (c) Correct the following sentences:
 - (i) I am belonging to Bihar.
 - (ii) I agree you.
 - (iii) She didn't came yesterday.
 - (iv) She found the truth.
 - (v) In 2008, India pass the Right To Education (RTE) Act.