CERTIFICATE IN CO-OPERATION, CO-OPERATIVE LAW AND BUSINESS LAW (CCLBL)

Term-End Examination

00983

June, 2019

BLE-014 : BUSINESS LAW AS APPLICABLE TO CO-OPERATIVES – II

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note:

Part A: All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 2 marks.

Part B: Attempt any five questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Part C: Attempt any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

PART A

All questions are compulsory. Write short notes on the following: 10×2=20

- 1. Recovery of Gratuity
- 2. Objectives of NABARD.
- 3. Appropriate Government under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

- 4. Registration of Trade Union
- 5. Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT)
- 6. Material Alteration
- 7. Banking
- 8 Dormant Partners
- 9. Certified Copy under Bankers' Books Evidence
 Act
- 10. Primary Agricultural Credit Society

PART B

Attempt any **five** questions. Each question carries 10 marks. 5×10=50

- 11. Discuss the features of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
- 12. Enumerate the grounds for making complaints under Banking Ombudsman Scheme.
- 13. What is dishonour of cheque? Discuss the procedure to be followed after dishonour of a cheque on the ground of insufficient funds in the account.
- 14. What are the essentials of a valid Partnership under the Partnership Act, 1932?
- 15. Differentiate between 'Bill of Exchange' and 'Promissory Note'.
- 16. What are the subjects on which 'standing order' needs to be framed? Discuss.
- 17. Explain the recovery process under the DRT Act, 1993.
- 18. What is Trade Union? Enumerate the objectives of a Trade Union.

PART C

Attempt any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks. 2×15=30

- 19. Discuss the sources of raising funds in domestic and foreign currency by NABARD.
- 20. Explain the concept of 'Protest' and 'Protest for better security' under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
- 21. What is Misconduct? Explain the procedure to be followed while conducting a domestic enquiry against an employee.
- **22.** Discuss the powers and functions of the Reserve Bank of India.