

**B.Tech. – VIEP – MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(BTMEVI)**

Term-End Examination

00090

June, 2016

BIME-016 : MECHATRONICS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.*

1. (a) Identify the sensor, signal conditioner and display elements in the measurement system of a Bourdon pressure gauge.

(b) Differentiate between active and passive sensors. What are the requirements for selecting a sensor?

5+5

2. (a) Explain the significance of the following information given in the specification of transducers :
- (i) A capacitive linear displacement transducer
Non-linearity and hysteresis : $\pm 0.01\%$ of full range
 - (ii) A capacitance fluid pressure transducer
Accuracy : $\pm 1\%$ of displayed reading
- (b) Suggest a sensor that could be used, as part of a control system, to determine the difference in levels between liquids in two containers. The output is to provide an electrical signal for the control system. 5+5
3. (a) Describe the basic details of a shuttle valve with the help of a sketch.
- (b) Explain the principle of a pilot-operated valve and its applications. 5+5
4. (a) Explain the working and draw the symbols for
- (i) a 4/2 valve, and
 - (ii) a directional valve.
- (b) A pneumatic system is operated at a pressure of 1000 kPa. What diameter cylinder will be required to move a load requiring a force of 12 kN ? 5+5

5. (a) A 6-bit D/A converter gives an output voltage of 17.250 volts for an input of 010111. What is the step size, the full range voltage, and the percentage resolution ?
- (b) What will be the change in resistance of an electrical resistance strain gauge with a gauge factor of 2.1 and resistance 50 Ω , if it is subjected to a strain of 0.001 ? 5+5
6. (a) A memory chip has 8 data lines and 16 address lines. What will be its size ?
- (b) Draw a block diagram of a basic microcontroller and explain the function of each subsystem. 4+6
7. (a) Draw the ladder rungs to represent; Either of two, normally open, switches have to be closed for a coil to be energized and operate an actuator.
- (b) What are the techniques for non-destructive testing employed in ultrasonic testing ? What are its advantages as compared to other methods of non-destructive testing ? Is it applicable for non-ferrous metals ? Why or why not ? 4+6

8. (a) State whether the following statements are *True* (T) or *False* (F) :

- (i) Magnetic particle test can be done on all metals.
- (ii) Radiography has limitation on metal thickness.
- (iii) Industrial practice to mention hardness value as Rockwell C.
- (iv) Eddy current test can also be used to measure the thickness of a non-conducting coating such as paint, on a metal.
- (v) Elastic waves with frequencies higher than the audio range are known as ultrasonic.

(b) What is a sensor ? Explain active and passive sensors. Also list out various performance parameters for sensors and transducers.

5+5