

**B.Tech. – VIEP – COMPUTER SCIENCE AND
ENGINEERING (BTCSVI)**

Term-End Examination

00037

June, 2014

**BICS-014 : DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF
ALGORITHM**

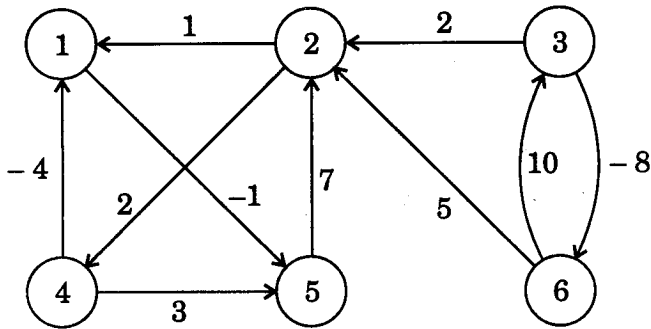
Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) Let $f(n)$ and $g(n)$ be asymptotically non-negative functions. Using the basic definition of θ -notation, prove that $\max [f(n) \cdot g(n)] = \theta [f(n) + g(n)]$. 5
- (b) Find complexity of this equation 5
- $$T(n) = \sqrt{n} T(\sqrt{n}) + n$$
2. (a) Illustrate the operation of Heap-extract max on the heap
 $A = \{15, 13, 9, 5, 12, 8, 7, 4, 0, 6, 2, 1\}$ 5
- (b) Describe performance of quick-sort. 5
3. (a) Define amortized analysis and define aggregate and potential methods. 5

- (b) Compute prefix function π for the pattern ababbabbabbababbabb. The alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. 5
4. (a) Define Hashing algorithms. 5
 (b) Define the merge sort complexity. 5
5. (a) Prove the correctness of Kruskal's algorithm. 5
 (b) Define dynamic programming procedure. 5
6. (a) Define Backtracking approach using 8×8 Queen problem. 5
 (b) Solve 5



7. (a) Prove that Clique problem is NP complete. 5
 (b) Define Rabin - Karp string matching technique. 5

8. (a) Define Travelling Salesman problem with the triangle inequality and also define Sum of Subset problem. 5
- (b) What are greedy algorithms ? Define 0/1 Knapsack problem. 5
9. (a) Define Hamiltonian cycle problem. 5
- (b) Define the Monte Carlo algorithm. 5
10. Attempt any *two* from the following : 2×5
- (i) Define Las Vegas algorithm.
- (ii) Define randomized quick-sort.
- (iii) Define universal hashing.
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