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B.Sc. (NAUTICAL SCIENCE)

Term-End Examination June, 2014

BNA-013: ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS

Time: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: (i) Non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

(ii) Attempt three questions from each section.

(iii) Questions No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.

SECTION - A (Electricity)

- **1.** (a) Explain with neat sketch principle, **10** construction and working of AC generator.
 - (b) A 2000/200 V, 20 kVA transformer has 66 turns in the secondary. Calculate the primary turns and primary and secondary full load currents, neglecting losses.
- 2. (a) State and explain Faraday's laws of 5 electromagnetic Induction.
 - (b) A solenoid of length 50 cm is uniformly wound with 500 turns of wire. If a current of 2 A is flowing in it, what is the flux density at its centre? If the cross-sectional area of the solenoid is 4 cm², what is the total magnetic flux set-up at its centre?

3. (a) Explain R-L-C series circuit in AC circuit. 5 (b) A moving coil meter has a resistance of 5 2 ohm and gives full scale deflection with 20 mA. Show how it can be used to measure voltage up to 250 V. 4. State and explain ohm's law and its (a) 5 limitations. 5 (b) An air cored solenoid has 300 turns its length is 25 cm and its cross section is 3 cm². Calculate the self inductance in henry. **SECTION - B** (Electronics) Explain the term demodulation with 5. (a) 10 necessary circuit diagram. What are essentials in demodulation? (b) 5 The antenna current of an AM transmitter is 8 A when only carrier is sent but it increases to 8.93 A when the carrier is sinusoidally modulated. Find the percentage modulation. 6. Explain the operation of transistor as an (a) 5 oscillator. 5 (b) For a single stage transistor amplifier, the collector load is $R_c = 2 k\Omega$ and the input

amplifier.

resistance $R_i = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$. If the current gain is 50, calculate the voltage gain of the

- 7. (a) Draw the circuit of a practical single stage 5 transistor amplifier. Explain the function of each component.
 - (b) An amplifier, when loaded by $2 \, k\Omega$ resistor, has a voltage gain of 80 and a current gain of 120. Determine the necessary signal voltage and current to give an output voltage of 1 V. What is the power gain of the amplifier?
- 8. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) A. M. Radio Receivers

2x5=10

- (b) Light Emitting Diode (LED)
- (c) Piezo-Electric Crystal