00880

## POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) B.Sc. (H) (PB)

## **Term-End Examination**

June, 2013

BNS-103: MATERNAL HEALTH NURSING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

**Note**: Answer all the questions. Attempt all parts of questions at one place.

- 1. (a) Explain involution of uterus. 4+5+6=15
  - (b) Discuss the psychological adjustments which a mother has to make during puerperium.
  - (c) Discuss the role of a nurse-midwife in postnatal care.
- 2. (a) State the different diagnostic measures used to detect diabetes in pregnancy. 3+4+8=15
  - (b) Explain effects of diabetes on pregnant woman and fetus.
  - (c) Describe antenatal care of a mother with diabetes in pregnancy.

3.	(a)	List the causes of rupture uterus. $5+2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}+3=15$
	(b)	Explain the signs and symptoms of rupture
		uterus.
	(c)	Write specific role of a midwife in the
		management of rupture uterus.
4.	Writ	te briefly on <i>any three</i> of the following: $5x3=15$
	(a)	Menstrual cycle
	(b)	Head Injuries at birth
	(c)	Tocolytic Agents
	(d)	Factors influencing fertility
	(e)	Uterine fibroids in pregnancy
5.	Fill in the blanks: 1x5=5	
	(a)	Protrusion of part of the intestine through
		a defect in the abdominal wall of the
	(1.)	umbilicus is
	(b)	The fetal heart sound (F.H.S) is heard above the level of umbilicus in
		presentation.
	(c)	The antidote of magnesium sulphate is
	(d)	The pain or discomfort felt in calf in deep
	(u)	vein thrombosis when foot is dorsiflexed is
		sign.
	(e)	A graphical method of recording the salient
		features of labour is

## **6.** Match the following:

1x5=5

## Column A

(a) Neuromuscular (i) harmony between two poles of

) Vitamin K

- (b) Mentovertical
- (ii) Upright position
- (c) Ovulation

uterus

- (iii) Polarity
- (d) Haemorrhage in Newborn
- (iv) Leutinizing (LH)
  Hormone
- (e) Polyhydramnios
- (v) Leutotrophic Hormone (LTH)
- (vi) Brow presentation
- (vii) Face presentation
- (viii) Vitamin 'C'