

**B.Tech. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (BTELVI)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2013**

**BIEE-011 : ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

**Note :** *Answer any seven questions.*

1. Explain the terms coil-span factor and distribution factor in connection with alternator armature windings and deduce the emf equation of an alternator incorporating the effects of these factors. 10
2. Explain the MMF method of determining the voltage regulation of alternator. 10
3. Why is synchronous motor not self starting? What methods are generally used to start the synchronous motors? 10
4. Develop the equivalent circuit of a 3-phase induction motor. Draw its typical torque slip characteristic and deduce the condition for maximum torque. 10

5. (a) Discuss the pole- changing method of speed control of 3 phase induction motor. 4
- (b) The ratio of maximum torque to full load torque in a 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor is 2.2:1. Determine the ratio of actual torque to full load torque for the following cases 6
- (i) Direct starting
- (ii) Star-delta starting
- (iii) Auto transformer with 70% tapping.
6. Explain why single phase induction motor is not self starting using double revolving field theory. 10
7. Discuss the modifications necessary to operate a d.c series motor satisfactorily on a single phase a.c supply. What are the main differences in construction between a.c and d.c series motors ? 10
8. Explain briefly the different methods of speed control of 3-phase induction motors. 10
9. Explain in detail the construction and working principle of a Repulsion motor. 10
10. Write short notes on *any two* 10
- (a) V-curves of synchronous machines
- (b) Stepper motor
- (c) Parallel operation of alternators.