

**B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management) /
B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering)**

**Term-End Examination
June, 2013**

ET-105(B) : CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Question no. 1 is compulsory. Answer any five questions from the remaining. Use of calculator is permitted.

1. Write the most appropriate answer out of the given alternatives for the following :
- (a) The nearest distance between two atoms in a BCC unit cell with lattice parameter 'a' is : 2
- (i) $\frac{a}{2}$ (ii) $\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- (iii) $a\sqrt{3}$ (iv) $\frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2}$
- (b) Graphite : 2
- (i) contains only covalent bonds
- (ii) is used as a dry lubricant
- (iii) has a BCC structure
- (iv) is a bad conductor of electricity

- (c) An ideal gas undergoing isothermal transformation, the energy : 2
- (i) Increases as the pressure increases
 - (ii) increases as the volume increases
 - (iii) decreases as the volume decreases
 - (iv) Remains constant
- (d) Which one of the following is a nucleophile ? 2
- (i) $AlCl_3$ (ii) H^+
 - (iii) BF_3 (iv) NH_3
- (e) In the compound : 2
- $CH_2=CH-CH_2-CH_2-C\equiv CN$
- The C_2-C_3 bond is of the type :
- (i) $sp-sp^2$ (ii) sp^3-sp^3
 - (iii) $sp-sp^3$ (iv) sp^2-sp^3
- (f) The monomer of natural rubber : 2
- (i) Butadiene
 - (ii) Chloroprene
 - (iii) 2-Methyl-1,2-butadiene
 - (iv) 2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene
- (g) Laughing gas is : 2
- (i) NO (ii) N_2O
 - (iii) N_2O_5 (iv) NH_3
- (h) Parke's process is used for : 2
- (i) Manufacture of white lead
 - (ii) Manufacture of silver
 - (iii) Manufacture of sodium
 - (iv) Manufacture of NaOH

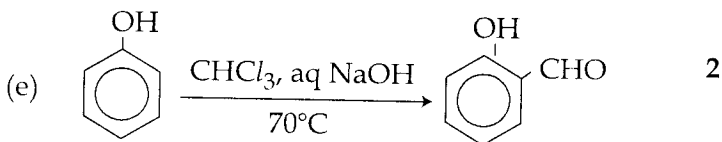
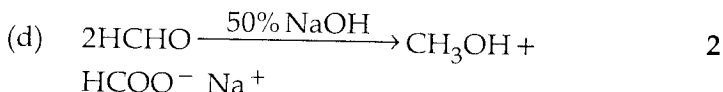
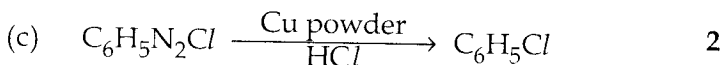
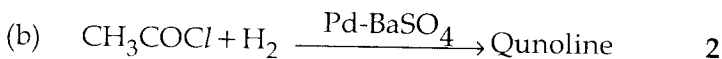
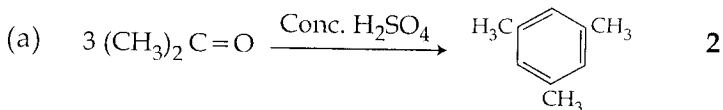
- (i) In Cannizzaro reaction reagent and other conditions used are : 2
- (i) Anhydrous $\text{AlCl}_3 + \text{HCl}$
 - (ii) Aq. or alc. alkali
 - (iii) $\text{Br}_2 + \text{alkali}$
 - (iv) $\text{Cu powder} + \text{HCl}$
- (j) Dulong and Petit's law is related to : 2
- (i) $P^\circ = \text{Mole fraction} \times \text{Total pressure}$
 - (ii) $V \propto n$ at constant T and P
 - (iii) $\text{Sp. heat} \times \text{At.wt.} = 6.4$
 - (iv) $V \propto T$
2. (a) What is the difference between a carnot heat engine cycle and a carnot refrigeration cycle ? 2
- (b) What is the efficiency, η of a heat engine if it is operating between the temperatures T_1 and T_2 , where $T_1 > T_2$? 4
- (c) A heat engine operating between 600 K and 400 K. What is the percentage efficiency of this heat engine ? 4
3. (a) An organic compound C_8H_{18} on monochlorination gives a single monochloride. Write the structure of hydrocarbon. 3
- (b) Explain in not more than 2, 3 lines : 3
"Aniline does not undergo Friedal – Craft reaction".

(c) Which of the following has larger dipole moment ? Explain. 2

1 - Butyne or 1 - Butene.

(d) SF_6 has octahedral structure. What is the hybridization state of sulphur ? 2

4. Name the following reactions :



5. (a) Define solubility and solubility product. 2

(b) Calculate the solubility of CaF_2 in pure water at 25°C . The solubility product of CaF_2 at 25°C ; $K_{\text{sp}} = 1.7 \times 10^{-10}$ 4

(c) Calculate the solubility of AgCl in presence of 0.1 M AgNO_3 . The solubility product of $\text{AgCl} = 2.8 \times 10^{-10}$. 4

6. (a) What is the relation between K_p and K_c for the gaseous reaction 4
 $aA + bB \rightleftharpoons lL + mM$
 The partial pressures of the gaseous species at equilibrium are P_A , P_B , P_L and P_M .
- (b) At a total pressure of 2 atm, and 673 K the equilibrium constant K_p for the reaction. 6
 $N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3(g)$ is 1.64×10^{-4} .
 Calculate K_c .
 Given : $R = 0.082 / \text{dm}^3 \text{ atm K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$.
7. (a) What is osmotic pressure ? How is it determined experimentally ? 5
- (b) A 5.13% solution of cane sugar is isotonic with a 0.9% solution of an unknown solute. 5
 Calculate the molar mass of the solute.
 Mol. wt. of sugar = 342 g mol^{-1}
8. (a) Define entropy. How is it related to standard Gibbs energy and standard enthalpy in Gibbs Helmholtz equation ? 4
- (b) Calculate the value of $\log K_p$ for the reaction 6
 $N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3(g)$
 at 25°C . The standard enthalpy of formation of $NH_3(g)$ is -46 kJ and standard entropies of $N_2(g)$, $H_2(g)$ and $NH_3(g)$ are 191, 130 and $192 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ respectively.
 $R = 8.3 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$.

(c) Give IUPAC name for the following :

