

**B. TECH (AEROSPACE ENGINEERING)
(BTAE)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2013

00280

BAS-009 : INTRODUCTION TO AERONAUTICS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt **any seven** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.*

1. (a) What is the "Area rule" in an airplane ? 5
What effect does it have on the aerodynamics of the airplane?
- (b) What is a super critical airfoil ? Make a neat sketch and explain. 5

2. Define the following terms : - 10
 - (a) Flaps
 - (b) Drag Divergence Mach no.
 - (c) Sweep Back
 - (d) Ailerons
 - (e) Wing Warping.

3. What are the various layers of atmosphere ? 10
Distinguish between Troposphere and Stratosphere.
4. What is NACA? Give nomenclature details of 10
NACA 4 digit, 5 digit and 6 digit airfoils with suitable examples.
5. (a) What are sweptback wings and what 5
purpose do they serve ? Explain with the help of a neat sketch.
- (b) Explain delta wings with a neat sketch. 5
Enumerate its advantages over a conventional wing.
6. (a) Explain " skin friction drag" and "pressure" 5
drag.
- (b) What is the cause of induced drag ? 5
Discuss.
7. (a) Derive expression for R(radius of turn) and 5
 ω (rate of turn) for pull up and pull down maneuvers.
- (b) Derive the expression for $(L/D)_{\max}$. in a 5
steady level flight. What inference can you draw from the desired expression?
- 8 (a) Explain positive, negative limit load factor, 5
stall area and corner velocity in a V-n diagram. Make a neat sketch.

- (b) For an aircraft $W/S=400$ Kg/m², $CL_{max}=1.2$, positive limit load factor=4.5. Calculate the airplane's corner velocity at sea level. 5
- 9 (a) Define lift, drag and moment co-efficients for a given body. Also give their significance. 5
- (b) Boeing 777 has a wing planform area of 415 m², take-off weight 23000 kg and take - off velocity 256 km/h 5
- (i) Calculate lift co-efficient at take-off for standard sea level conditions.
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