

**MASTER'S DEGREE IN SOCIAL WORK  
(MSW)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2012**

**MSWE-044 : SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE IN  
TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 100*

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- Note :**
- (i) *Answer all the five questions.*
  - (ii) *All questions carry equal marks.*
  - (iii) *Answer to questions 1 and 2 should not exceed 600 words each.*
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1. Narrate the principles of social group work. 20  
Discuss the stages of group development.

**OR**

What is social welfare administration ? Give the 20  
various functions of social welfare administration.

2. Discuss the roles performed by a family 20  
practitioner as an intervention strategy with the  
tribal families.

**OR**

Explain the factors that lead to the vulnerability of the tribals to HIV and AIDS. Give any five interventions that can be provided to the tribals in regards to HIV and AIDS. **20**

3. Answer *any two* of the following in about **300** words each :

(a) Define Social Research. Discuss the objectives of social research. **10**

(b) Explain the three approaches to solve the tribal problems. **10**

(c) Define social case-work practice. Explain the principles of social case work. **10**

(d) What are the major challenges before social work practice with tribal communities in India ? **10**

4. Answer *any four* of the following in about **150** words each :

(a) Briefly discuss the traditional models of group work. **5**

(b) What are the principles of social welfare administration as explained by Trecker ? **5**

(c) Explain the reasons for the failure of the state and central government in ameliorating the problems of the tribes, at any two levels. **5**

- (d) How is the socio-cultural role of the tribal communities responsible in the spread of HIV and AIDS ? 5
- (e) Discuss the various articles through which tribal development has been visualized by our constitution. 5
- (f) Explain the approaches of integrated social work practice. 5
5. Write short notes on *any five* of the following in about 100 words each :
- (a) Constitutional initiatives adopted for tribal welfare. 4
- (b) Qualitative and quantitative method. 4
- (c) Child labour (Prohibition and Regulation), Act, 1986. 4
- (d) Drug abuse among tribals. 4
- (e) Funding of voluntary organisations. 4
- (f) Four phases of social action in India. 4
- (g) Panchsheel. 4
- (h) Stigma and discrimination in relation to HIV and AIDS. 4
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