

POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL
JUSTICE (PGDCJ)

Term-End Examination

June, 2012

MLE-012 : INDIAN PENAL CODE

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : The question paper has been divided into three parts. Part A, Part B and Part C. You have to attempt any four questions from Part A and Part B and any two questions from Part C. All the questions are compulsory.

PART - A

Note : You have to attempt *any four* questions from this part. Each question carries 5 marks.

(Not exceeding 200 words)

4x5=20

1. "Mens rea is an essential element of Crime". Explain.
2. Discuss the law relating to the defence of insanity in India.
3. Distinguish extortion with theft.

4. Discuss briefly the scope of mistake as a defence in criminal liability.
5. Explain the dowry death and dowry.
6. Describe the objectives of the Protection of Civil Right Act 1955.

PART - B

Note : Attempt *any four* questions from this part.

Each question carries 10 marks. (not exceeding
500 words) 4x10=40

1. Distinguished between recklessness and negligence.
2. What are the tests for determining whether the act of the appellants constituted an attempt or preparation ? Explain.
3. Right of Private Defence is available only to the Defender and not to the offender. Comment.
4. How far grave and sudden provocation is a defence under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 ? Explain.
5. Define Criminal Misappropriation and explain with proper illustrations.
6. Write a note on law relating to Rape.

PART - C

Note : Attempt *any two* questions from this part.

Each question carries 20 marks. (not exceeding
1500 words)

2x20=40

1. What will be the liability of an individual when the criminal act, in which he also participated, is done by several persons in furtherances of common intention of all. Refer to the decided case law also.
2. While distinguishing between voluntary intoxication and involuntary intoxication. Discuss how far involuntary intoxication is a defence for committing an offence.
3. It is often said that there is a very thin but fine distinction between the offences of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and culpable homicide amounting to murder. Comment.
4. Write a critical note on existing laws in India relating to sexual harrassment.