

**B.Tech. VIEP - ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING - III / BTELVI**

Term-End Examination

June, 2012

BIEE-004 : ELECTRICAL MACHINE - I

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt *any seven* questions.

Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is permitted.

1. (a) What is armature reaction ? Describe the effects of armature reaction on the operation of d.c. machines . How the armature reaction is minimized ? 2x5=10
(b) Define commutation. Explain the process of commutation in d.c. generators with neat sketches.
2. (a) Derive the torque equation of a d.c. motor.
(b) Explain the principal of operation of d.c. machine. 2x5=10
3. A 110 V d.c. shunt generator delivers a load current of 50 A. The armature resistance is 0.2 Ω , and the field circuit resistance is 55 Ω . The generator, rotating at a speed of 1800 r.p.m; has 6 poles, lap wound, and a total of 360 conductors. Calculate the no-load voltage at the armature and the flux per pole. 10

4. A 250 V d.c. shunt motor having an armature resistance of 0.25Ω carries an armature current of 50 A and runs at 750 r.p.m. If the flux is reduced by 10%. Find the speed. Assume that the load torque remains the same. 10
 5. Explain the speed-armature current, torque current and speed-torque characteristics of d.c. series motor. 10
 6. Explain the necessity of starter in a d.c. motor and describe a three-point-starter with a neat sketch. 10
 7. Describe Swinburne's test with the help of a neat diagram to find out the efficiency of a d.c. machine. What are main advantage and disadvantages of this test ? 10
 8. (a) Describe the various losses in a single phase transformer. 2x5=10
(b) What is an auto transformer ? State its merits and demerits over the two winding transformer.
 9. Describe the construction, working, types, connections of three phase transformer. 10
 10. Write short notes on *any two* of the following : 2x5=10
 - (a) Speed control of d.c. motor.
 - (b) Power transformer
 - (c) Regenerative braking in d.c. series motor.
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