## 07117

## MCA (Revised)

## Term-End Examination

June, 2012

## MCS-013: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

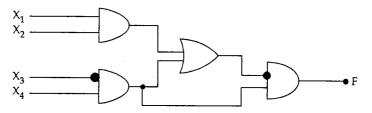
Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Q. No. 1 is compulsory.

Attempt any three from the rest.

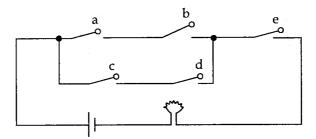
- 1. (a) Show that  $pV \sim (p \land q)$  is a tautology.
  - (b) Prove the following equivalence 3  $\sim \forall x \ P(x) \equiv \exists x \sim P(x)$
  - (c) Use principle of mathematical induction to  $\mathbf{3}$  prove that  $n^3 n$  is divisible by 3.
  - (d) Write the output of following circuit. 3



(e) Let R be a relation on the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  such that aRb if and only if a + b > 5. Check if R is reflexive, symmetric, transitive.

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- (f) How many permutations are there for the word ASSOCIATION ?
- (g) Three coins are tossed and number of heads are observed. Find the probability that
  - (i) at least one head appears
  - (ii) all heads or all tails appear.
- 2. (a) Prove De Morgan's laws using truth table. 3
  - (b) Present a Direct proof of the statement. **3** "Square of an odd integer is odd".
  - (c) Explain:
    - (i) Proof by contrapositive
    - (ii) Proof by contradiction with the help of suitable examples.
- **3.** (a) Write boolean equation for the following **4** circuit.



- (b) Reduce the following boolean equation to simplest form.
  - $(a \wedge b' \wedge c) \vee (a \wedge b' \wedge c') \vee (a' \wedge b \wedge c') \vee (a' \wedge b' \wedge c')$

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(c) Write a short note on "Principal of Duality". 3

- 4. (a) Let A, B and C be three sets such that A∪B = A∪C. Does it imply B = C? Support your answer by suitable example.
  - (b) Prove  $AX(B \cup C) = (AXB) \cup (AXC)$  3
  - (c) Let  $f(x) = x^2$  and g(x) = x + 7 2 Find fog (x) and gof (x).
  - (d) Let A be the set of natural nos. 1, 2, 3, 4....,

    Let R be a relation on A such that aRb if and only if a mod 5 = b mod 5. Prove that R is equivalence relation.
- 5. (a) In how many ways can a party of 9 people arrange themselves around a circular table?
  - (b) What is the sum of coefficients of all the terms in the expansion of  $(a+b+c)^5$ ?

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(c) In how many ways *r* distinct objects can be distributed into 5 different boxes with at least one box empty?