

No. of Printed Pages : 4

**MMTE–001**

**M. SC. (MATHEMATICS WITH  
APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER  
SCIENCE) [M. SC. (MACS)]**

**Term-End Examination**

**December, 2023**

**MMTE-001 : GRAPH THEORY**

*Time : 2 Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*Weightage : 50%*

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**Note :** *Question No. 1 is compulsory. Answer any  
four questions from Question Nos. 2 to 7.*

*Use of calculators is not allowed.*

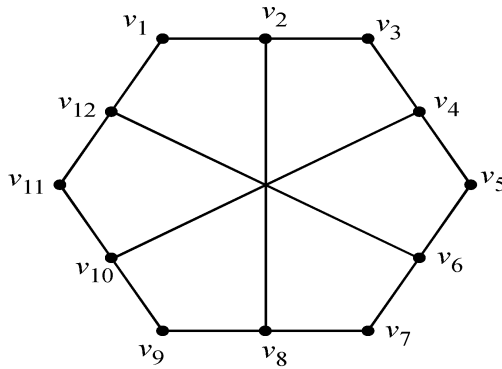
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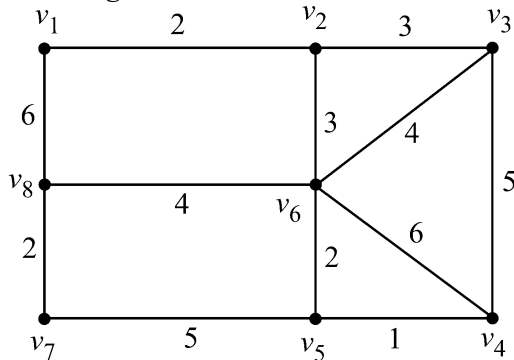
1. State whether the following statements are true *or* false. Justify your answers with a short proof or a counter-example : 10
  - (i) There exists a graph of order 7 and size 25.
  - (ii)  $\text{diam}(K_{m,n}) = 2$  for all  $m \geq 1, n \geq 1$ .
  - (iii) If  $G$  is a graph with no cycles, then every edge of  $G$  is a cut-edge.
  - (iv) Every Eulerian graph has a perfect matching.

**P. T. O.**

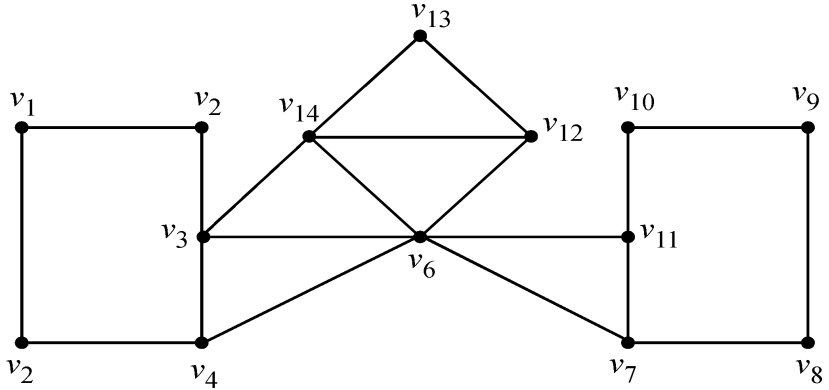
- (v) If  $G$  is a graph in which every vertex lies in a cycle, then  $G$  is 2-connected.
2. (a) Show that if  $G$  is a simple graph with  $\text{diam}(G) > 3$ , then  $\text{diam}(\overline{G}) \leq 3$ . 6
- (b) Check whether the graph given below is bipartite or not : 4



3. (a) Prove that every tree on  $n$  vertices has exactly  $n - 1$  edges. 4
- (b) Find a minimum weight spanning tree in the weighted graph given below, using the Prim's algorithm : 6

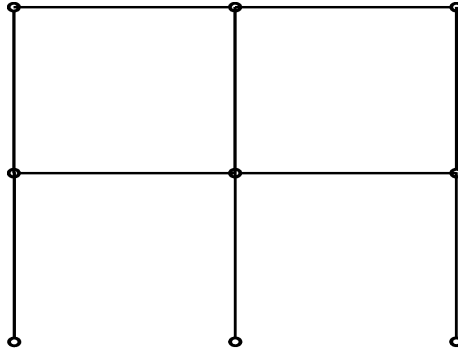


4. (a) Find a perfect matching in the graph given below, if it exists. Otherwise, justify why no such matching exists : 6



- (b) Does there exist a 3-regular graph with a cut-vertex ? If yes, construct such a graph. 4
5. (a) Show that a graph is 2-chromatic iff it is bipartite. 3
- (b) If  $G$  is a planar graph with at least three vertices, then show that  $G$  has at most  $3n - 6$  edges, where  $n$  is the order of  $G$ . 5
- (c) Let  $G$  be a graph obtained by deleting an edge from  $K_5$ . Is  $G$  planar ? If yes, give a plane drawing of  $G$ . 2

6. (a) Draw the dual of the following plane graph : 3



- (b) Let  $G$  be a graph with order  $n \geq 3$ . If  $\delta(G) \geq \frac{n}{2}$ , then show that  $G$  is Hamiltonian. 7
7. (a) Check whether  $(7, 5, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1)$  is a graphic sequence or not. If yes, construct a graph with this degree sequence. 7
- (b) Show that for every odd cycle the chromatic number and edge-chromatic number are the same. 3