(b) There is political interference in setting of which results is substantial cross subsidization in retail tariff amongst various consumer categories.

[2]

- (c) Electricity Act, 2003 had declared electricity as an industry and all streams of the electricity sector as individual
- (d) Monitoring the parameters of the is the prime real time function of the load dispatch centre.
- (e) Transformer oil serves the dual purpose of insulation and
- (f) can be considered as a competitive tool for building competitive advantage.
- (g)is not just a technology, rather, a holistic approach of an organisation for dealing with its customers.
- (h) The main function of is evolving a policy for setting the tariff for purchase

No. of Printed Pages : 4 BEE-001 ADVANCED CERTIFICATE IN POWER DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

(ACPDM)

Term-End Examination

December, 2021

BEE-001 : POWER DISTRIBUTION SECTOR

Time : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 100

Note: The paper has three Sections. Attempt all

Sections.

Section-A

Note : Attempt *all* questions.

 $1. \quad \mbox{Fill in the blanks from the choices given below:} \\$

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

(cooling, CRM, grid, billing and collection, ERC, smart card, unity, profit centres; tariff, benchmarking)

(a) Power factor in a pure resistive circuit is

[3] BEE-001

and sale of electricity including the retail tariff to be paid by the end customer.

- (i) Gram Panchayats, franchisees could be used for
- (j) Prepaid metering is a system whereby consumers purchase electricity through a

Section-B

Note :Attempt any *ten* questions. 10×7=70

- Discuss the salient features of the Electricity Act, 2003.
- 3. How does the National Electricity Policy help in realising the aims and objectives of Electricity Act, 2003 ?
- 4. What is Load Balancing ? How can it be achieved ?
- 5. Make a list of substation equipments.
- Outline the obligations placed on the consumers by the power reforms process in the power distribution sector.

7. What are the activities involved in distribution system planning ?

[4]

- 8. Explain hotline maintenance techniques and tools.
- 9. Suggest ways to reduce distribution transformer failure rate in your utility.
- 10. Explain the different types of benchmarking with the help of examples.
- 11. Distinguish between T & D and AT & C losses.
- 12. Explain the metering techniques used for LT and HT consumer metering.

Section-C

Note : Attempt any *two* questions. 2×10=20

- 13. What are the different methods of theft and pilferage of energy ?
- 14. How can CRM be applied in the organiastion in the power business sector ?
- 15. Explain the properties of Key Performance Indicator (KPI). Identify the key performance indicators (KPIs) for supply availability and reliability.

BEE-001