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MMTE-001

M.Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE) M.Sc. (MACS)

Term-End Examination

February, 2021

MMTE-001 : GRAPH THEORY

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50 (Weightage : 50%)

- Note: Question no. 7 is compulsory. Answer any four out of the remaining six (Q. 1 to 6). Use of calculators is not allowed.
- (a) Let V be the collection of all two-element subsets of a five-element set. Consider graph G with V as vertex set and E as edge set, where u, v ∈ E if u, v ∈ V, and u and v are disjoint. Draw G and identify the graph. Check whether this graph is bipartite or not.

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(b) Write down the adjacency matrix and incidence matrix of the following graph :



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- **2.** (a) Prove that a graph is bipartite if and only if it has no odd cycle.
 - (b) Check whether the following graph is Eulerian or not. Is it Hamiltonian ? Justify your answer.



3. (a) Prove that the non-negative integers $d_1, d_2, ..., d_n$ are the vertex degrees of some

simple graph only if
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} d_i$$
 is even. 2

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- (b) Let T be a tree with k-edges and G be a simple graph with minimum degree at least k. Prove that T is a subgraph of G.
- (c) Use the BFS algorithm to find shortest paths from s to every other vertex.



- 4. (a) Define a maximal matching and a maximum matching.
 Give an example of a graph having a maximal matching M such that M is not a maximum matching.
 - (b) State and prove Hall's theorem on matchings.
- 5. (a) If G is a 3-regular graph, then prove that $\kappa(G) = \kappa'(G)$.
 - (b) Find the chromatic number of Petersen graph. Justify your answer.
 - (c) If G is a k-critical graph, then prove that $\delta(G) \geq k-1.$
- 6. (a) If G is a simple planar graph of order at least 3, then prove that $e(G) \le 3 n(G) 6$. Is the converse true ? Justify your answer.
 - (b) If G is a simple graph with $n \ge 3$ vertices, then prove that G is Hamiltonian if $\delta(G) \ge \frac{n}{2}$.

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- **7.** State whether the following statements are *true* or *false*. Give reasons for your answers. $5 \times 2=10$
 - (a) If $G \cong H$, then $\overline{G} \cong \overline{H}$.
 - (b) Deletion of a vertex from a tree always produces a tree.
 - (c) Every k-regular graph has a perfect matching.
 - (d) Every 2-colourable graph is planar.
 - (e) There exists a non-bipartite graph for which the maximum size of a matching is equal to the cardinality of a minimum vertex cover.