No. of Printed Pages: 5

MCS-023

MCA (Revised) / BCA (Revised)

Term-End Examination, 2019

## MCS-023 :INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 100

Weightage 75%

**Note:** Question No. one is **compulsory**. Attempt **any three** questions from the rest.

(a) Define 2NF. How would you normalize the empproject relational scheme into 2NF. Emp-Project
(SSN, P\_number, hours, e\_name, P-name,
P\_location).

where:

 $[SSN, p \quad number] \rightarrow hours$ 

 $SSN \rightarrow e_name$ 

 $p_number \rightarrow [p_name, p_location]$ 

- (b) XYZ bank manages four types of accounts: Loan, Current/Saving, Recurring and Deposits. It operates number of branches and a customer of the bank can have any number of accounts:
  - (i) Identify entities of your interest, attributes, relationship, cardinalities and draw a complete E-R diagram. [5]
  - (ii) Convert the E-R diagram into tables and show relationship among the tables as per the diagram. [5]
- (c) Explain the two integrity rules with the help of an example for each. [5]
- (d) Define a serializable schedule. For the following schedule (schedule A). Determine whether "schedule A" is serializable or not. [5]

Schedule A			
T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>		
Read (x)	-		
-	Read (x)		
Write (y)	_		
-	Write y		
Commit	-		
	Commit		

	(e)	Explain database recovery using a sys with the help of an example.	tem log [6]	
	(f)	What is a hashed file organization? What	at are its	
		advantages and disadvantages?	[5]	
	(g)	For what reasons is '2-phase' locking	protocol	
		required?	[3]	
2.	(a)	What types of constraints violation take	e place	
		during insert operation? Explain with an ex	kample.	
			[5]	
	(b)	What is the difference between a key and	a super	
		key ? Define primary key, candidate k	ey and	
,		foreign key.	[5]	
	(c)	Violation of which property of a transaction	n leads	
		to lost-update problem? Explain with a		
		example.	[6]	
	(d)	Explain the meanings of the following c	lauses	
		with appropriate example for each :	[4]	
		(i) Group by clause		
		(ii) Having clause		

(3)

[P.T.O.]

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3. (a)	(a)	What is a binary lock? How does it	solve a
		concurrency related problem ? Explain	through
		an example.	[7]

- (b) What are the reasons for fragmenting a relation? What are the rules to be applied for fragmenting a relation? [5]
- (c) What is a weak-entity? What are the restrictions on weak entity? Explain through an example.[5]
- (d) Differentiate between data security and data integrity. [3]
- 4. (a) Compare the shadow-page recovery technique with log-based recovery technique with respect to ease of implementation and overhead cost.

[6]

- (b) What is a data dictionary? What should be included in data dictionary? [5]
- (c) What do you mean by ALTER TABLE command? Write its syntax in any four possible situations where it is used. [5]

(d)	What is a B tree ? Why is a B tree	e better
	structure than a B-Tree for implementation of an	
	index sequential file?	[4]

- (a) What is a precedence graph? Why it is used?Write all the steps for constructing a precedence graph. [6]
  - (b) (i) Differentiate between backward recovery and forward recovery. [4]
    - (ii) What is a key advantage of checkpoint recovery mechanism? [2]
  - (c) With the help of a suitable example, explain inverted file organisation. [4]
  - (d) Discuss any two levels of security mechanisms to protect database. [4]