

**B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(BTELVI)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2017

00262

**BIEE-016 : ELECTRO-MECHANICAL ENERGY
CONVERSION – III**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any **seven** questions. Use of scientific calculator is allowed. Each question carries equal marks.

1. What is Kron's Primitive Machine, a type of Rotating electrical machine ? How are the various windings of a machine represented by a primitive machine ? 10

2. What do you understand by the term 'Linear Transformation' as used in electrical machines ? Illustrate your answer with suitable examples. 10

3. Derive the transfer functions of a separately excited DC generator for (a) no load operation, and (b) on load operation. 10

4. (a) Why are d-axis parameters used for balanced 3-phase short-circuit analysis? 5
- (b) Just after short circuit, the induced field current and increased armature current decay with the same time constant. Explain. 5
5. Draw the equivalent circuit for a polyphase induction motor and state what is represented by the various parameters involved in this circuit. 10
6. Give the constructional features, working and applications of single-phase reluctance motors. 10
7. Starting from the impedance matrix of a 3-phase salient pole synchronous machine, derive the phasor voltage equation under balanced steady state operation. 10
8. A 3-phase star-connected 50 Hz synchronous generator has direct-axis synchronous reactance of 0.65 pu and quadrature axis synchronous reactance of 0.5 pu. The generator delivers rated kVA at rated voltage. Draw the phasor diagram at full-load 0.8 lagging power factor and hence calculate the open-circuit voltage and voltage regulation. Resistance drop at full-load is 0.02 pu. 10

9. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 10

- (a) **Schrage Motors**
 - (b) **Transient Analysis of 3-phase Induction Motors by using Generalised Theory**
 - (c) **Park's and Inverse Park's Transformations and their Physical Significance**
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