

B.Tech. CIVIL ENGINEERING (BTCLEVI)

Term-End Examination

00452

December, 2017

**BICE-017 : STRUCTURAL DESIGN AND
DRAWING – II**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Answer any **four** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Assume any missing data suitably, if required. Use of IS 456 : 2000, IS 800 : 2007 and steel tables is permitted. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

1. (a) Explain the essential requirements of steel and concrete for prestressed concrete. What are the advantages of prestressed concrete over reinforced concrete ? 9
- (b) Discuss different types of tensioning devices in brief. $8\frac{1}{2}$
2. Write design steps for trussed girder railway bridges giving neat labelled sketches wherever required. $17\frac{1}{2}$

3. Design a top dome, top ring beam and cylindrical tank wall of an intz-type water tank of 100 kilo-litres capacity. The tank is supported on an elevated tower comprising of 8 columns. The base of the tank is 16 m above the ground level. Depth of the foundation is 1 m below the ground level. Adopt M 20 grade concrete and Fe 415 grade steel. $17\frac{1}{2}$
4. Classify steel chimneys. Derive expressions for bending moment, stresses and thickness of plate for designing a steel chimney. $17\frac{1}{2}$
5. Discuss various IRC loadings considered for design of bridges. $17\frac{1}{2}$
6. A 6 m long rectangular simply supported prestressed concrete beam of cross-section 200 mm × 300 mm is prestressed by 15 wires of 5 mm diameter located at 65 mm from soffit and 3 wires of 5 mm diameter at 25 mm from the top. Assume effective stress in steel wires as 840 N/mm².
- (a) Calculate the stresses in concrete at extreme fibres at midspan section due to prestress and its own weight.
- (b) If a uniformly distributed working load of 6 kN/m is imposed on the entire span of a beam, obtain the maximum compressive stress in concrete. $17\frac{1}{2}$