

**DIPLOMA - VIEP - COMPUTER SCIENCE AND
ENGINEERING (DCSVI)**

00033

Term-End Examination

December, 2016

**BICS-034 : PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION
ENGINEERING**

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt any five questions. Question no. 1 is
compulsory. Each question carries equal marks.*

1. Choose the correct answer.

7×2=14

- (a) In the communication system, noise is most likely to affect the signal
- (i) at the transmitter
 - (ii) in the channel
 - (iii) in the information source
 - (iv) at the destination
- (b) The modulation index of an AM wave is changed from 0 to 1. The transmitted power will be
- (i) unchanged
 - (ii) halved
 - (iii) doubled
 - (iv) increased by 50 percent

- (c) For the transmission-line load matching over a range of frequencies, it is best to use a
- (i) balun
 - (ii) broadband directional coupler
 - (iii) double stub
 - (iv) single stub of adjustable position
- (d) To couple a coaxial line to a parallel-wire line, it is best to use a
- (i) slotted line
 - (ii) balun
 - (iii) directional coupler
 - (iv) quarter-wave transformer
- (e) One of the following is *not* an omnidirectional antenna :
- (i) Half-wave dipole
 - (ii) Log-periodic
 - (iii) Discone
 - (iv) Marconi
- (f) Frequencies in the UHF range normally propagate by means of
- (i) ground waves
 - (ii) sky waves
 - (iii) surface waves
 - (iv) space waves

(g) When electromagnetic waves travel in free space, only one of the following can happen to them :

- (i) Absorption
- (ii) Attenuation
- (iii) Refraction
- (iv) Reflection

2. (a) Define a duplex communication system. Explain the full-duplex and half-duplex systems. 7
- (b) Draw the block diagram of a communication system and explain the functions of each block. 7
3. (a) Draw and explain the block diagram of an FM transmitter. 7
- (b) Write at least seven differences between Amplitude Modulation and Frequency Modulation. 7
4. (a) What are the various types of Radio receivers and Heterodyne receivers ? 7
- (b) What is Phase-Locked-Loop (PLL) ? Write its applications. 7

5. (a) Define Standing Wave Ratio (SWR). Explain the implications of SWR on medical applications. 7
- (b) Explain in brief Impedance matching stubs. 7
6. (a) Describe the characteristics and applications of a Dipole Antenna. 7
- (b) What is fading and how does it affect the performance of a communication system? 7
7. Write short notes on the following :
- (a) FM Detector 5
- (b) Loop Antenna 5
- (c) Sky Wave Propagation 4
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