

B.Tech. (BTCSVI / BTECVI / BTELVI)

Term-End Examination

December, 2016

BIEL-001 : BASICS OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

1. (a) Define mobility in semiconductors. Does it also depend on doping levels ? 3
- (b) Differentiate among semiconductors, conductors and insulators on the basis of band gap. 3
- (c) Explain in detail the Fermi level and energy distribution of carriers inside the bands. 4
2. (a) What are intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors ? Comment on the conductivity of extrinsic semiconductors. 4
- (b) In a certain conductor with cross-sectional area of $a = 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$, there are 10^{23} electrons/ m^3 with mobility of $0.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{V.s}$. Determine the conductivity and resistance of a conductor of length 15 cm. 6

3. (a) A germanium diode carries a current of 10 mA when a forward bias of 0.2 V is applied.
- (i) Estimate the reverse saturation current (I_g).
- (ii) Calculate the bias voltages needed for diode currents of 1 mA and 100 mA. Comment on the range of these two voltages. 6
- (b) Explain Zener breakdown and Avalanche multiplication phenomena in a p-n junction diode. 4
4. (a) Discuss briefly the biasing of p-n junction. 5
- (b) Define "diffusion capacitance" of a p-n junction diode. Obtain an expression for the same. 5
5. (a) What are the advantages of the FET over a conventional bipolar junction transistor? Define pinch-off voltage, transconductance, amplification factor and drain resistance of an FET. 7
- (b) Explain briefly "Base width modulation". 3
6. (a) Describe the characteristics of UJT with the help of a neat diagram. 6
- (b) Derive the relation between alpha and beta of transistor configuration. 4

7. Describe briefly the C – V (Current – Voltage) characteristics, basic structures and operating principles of MOSFET. 10
8. (a) With the help of a circuit diagram, explain the working of a half wave rectifier with capacitor filter. 5
- (b) Discuss in detail “The Voltage Multiplier”. 5
9. (a) Explain the use of Bleeder resistor. 2
- (b) Compare full wave bridge and centre tapped rectifiers in terms of their ripple factor and efficiency. 5
- (c) A bridge rectifier uses four identical diodes of forward resistance of 5Ω each. It is supplied from a transformer with output voltage of 20 V (rms) and secondary winding resistance of 10Ω . Calculate the output d.c. voltage at a d.c. load current of 100 mA. 3
10. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 2×5=10
- (a) PIN diode
- (b) Series Regulator
- (c) Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor
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