No. of Printed Pages: 4

MCA (Revised) / BCA (Revised) Term-End Examination December, 2016

13285

MCS-013 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

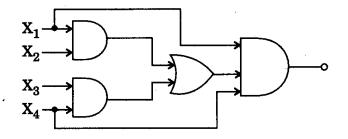
Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

MCS-013

Note: Question number 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **three** questions from the rest.

- 1. (a) Using the truth table, show that : 4
 - (i) $p \leftrightarrow q \equiv (p \rightarrow q) \land (q \rightarrow p)$
 - (ii) $\sim (p \rightarrow q) \equiv p \land \sim q$
 - (b) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational.
 - (c) Find the Boolean expression for the output of the following circuit :



MCS-013

1

P.T.O.

3

3

- Make Venn diagram for the following set of (**d**) expressions : **(i)** Ā
 - $A \Delta B$ (Symmetric difference) (ii)
 - (iii) $\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B} \cap \mathbf{C}$
 - (iv) $\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B} \mathbf{C}$
- Let there be a relation f defined as (e) $f = \{(a, 1), (a, 2) (d, 3), (c, 4)\}$. Is f a function? If not, why?
- How many distinct three-letter words can (f) be formed from the letters of the word MAST?
- In how many ways can a student choose (**g**) 8 questions out of 10 in an exam?
- A coin is tossed n times. What is the (h) probability of getting exactly r heads?
- Prove the following : 3 2. (a) $\sim (\exists \mathbf{x} P(\mathbf{x})) \equiv \forall \mathbf{x} (\sim P(\mathbf{x}))$ **(b)** Use mathematical induction to prove that $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + ... + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}.$ 3 (c) Write the contrapositive and converse of the following sentence : 2 "If 2 + 2 = 5, then I am Prime Minister of
 - India." Explain proof by contradiction, with the
 - (**d**) help of an example.

MCS-013

2

 $\mathbf{2}$

2

2

2

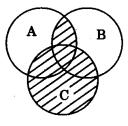
2

2

- (a) Reduce the following equations to simpler form :
 - (i) $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}) = (\mathbf{a}' \land \mathbf{b}' \land \mathbf{c}') \lor (\mathbf{a}' \land \mathbf{b}' \land \mathbf{c}) \lor$ $(\mathbf{a} \land \mathbf{b} \land \mathbf{c}')$

(ii)
$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}) = (\mathbf{a}' \land \mathbf{b}') \lor (\mathbf{a}' \land \mathbf{b}) \lor (\mathbf{a} \land \mathbf{b}')$$

- (b) Construct logic circuits for the following Boolean expressions :
 - (i) $(a \land b \land c) \lor (b \land c)' \lor (a \land b)'$
 - (ii) $(\mathbf{a}' \wedge \mathbf{b}') \vee (\mathbf{b}' \wedge \mathbf{c}) \vee \mathbf{d}$
- (c) What is dual of a Boolean expression ? Explain the principle of duality with the help of an example.
- 4. (a) Describe the following region using intersection and union :



(b) Let A = {1, 2, 3, 4} be a set and a relation R is defined on A such that aRb if a ≥ b. Check if R is (i) reflexive, (ii) symmetric, (iii) transitive, and (iv) asymmetric.

3.

P.T.O.

4

4

2

2

3

Let there be a function $f : A \rightarrow B$, where A (c) and B are sets defined as follows : $A = \{a, b, c, d\}, B = \{p, q, r, s\}$ $f = \{(a, p), (b, q), (c, r), (d, p)\}$ Explain if f is (i) one to one, (ii) onto, 2 (iii) bijective. Prove that $A - (A - B) = A \cap B$ using Venn (**d**) Diagram. 2 Make Pascal's triangle up to n = 6. 5. 3 (a) Let A and B be two mutually exclusive (b) events such that p(A) = 0.6 and p(B) = 0.3. What is the probability that A does not occur? (i) A and B both occur simultaneously? 2 (ii) How many ways are there to distribute r (c) distinct objects into 5 distinct boxes with no empty box ? 3 (**d**) Disprove the following statement : 2 $(\forall a \in \mathbf{R}) (\forall b \in \mathbf{R}) [(a^2 = b^2) \Rightarrow (a = b)]$

MCS-013

4

15,000