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BIEEE-009

B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (BTELVI)

Term-End Examination December, 2014

BIEEE-009 : DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEM DESIGN

Time: 3 hours

00465

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Missing data, if any may be suitably assumed and mentioned.

1. Draw and explain the configuration of the basic digital control system. What are the advantages and disadvantages of digital control systems?

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2. Derive the mathematical model for Zero-Order Hold (ZOH) and First-Order Hold (FOH) operation.

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3. Briefly explain the Jury stability criteria with necessary conditions for stability.

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4. (a) What is the effect of addition of poles on the root locus? Explain with the help of suitable examples.

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(b) Explain the procedure for construction of Bode diagram for discrete time systems.

5

5. (a) Using r-transformation followed by the Routh stability criterion, find the number of poles of the following transfer function that lie inside the unit circle on the z-plane.

$$G(z) = \frac{3z^4 + 2z^3 - z^2 + 4z + 5}{z^4 + 0.5z^3 - 0.2z^2 + z + 0.4}$$

- (b) State and explain the Nyquist stability criterion with example.

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6. How is transfer function converted into canonical state variable mode using Phase-variable method?

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7. (a) Using the Cayley-Hamilton technique, find e^{At} for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Explain the concept of controllability and observability of discrete time control system.

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8. Evaluate the state variable model of the given transfer function G(s) with the help of Jordan canonical method:

$$G(s) = \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2(s+5)}$$

Also draw the state diagram of the model.

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9. (a) Consider the system shown in Figure 1.
Find the range of values of "K" for which the system is stable using Jury's table:

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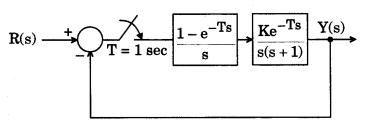


Figure 1

(b) What are the properties required to characterise the dead-beat response design?

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10. Draw and explain the block diagram of PID controller. Differentiate non-interacting and interacting PID controllers in brief.

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