

**DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(DELVI)/ADVANCED LEVEL CERTIFICATE
COURSE IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(ACELVI)**

00245

Term-End Examination

December, 2014

BIEE-029 : POWER GENERATION SYSTEM

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any *five* questions. Question no. 1 is *compulsory*.

1. State whether the following statements are *true* or *false* : *7×2=14*
- (a) Cooling towers are used where water is not available in sufficient quantity. (True/False)
 - (b) In hydroelectric plant, spillways are used to discharge surplus water on the downstream side of dam. (True/False)
 - (c) India's first nuclear power plant was built at Calcutta. (True/False)
 - (d) Most simple and clean plant is Geothermal plant. (True/False)
 - (e) Economisers are used to heat air. (True/False)

- (f) The electrical, heat and mechanical energies cannot be expressed in same units. (True/False)
- (g) The electrical energy is cheaper than other forms of energy. (True/False).
2. (a) Explain a high head power plant giving its layout clearly. 7
- (b) Explain with a neat sketch a pumped storage plant. 7
3. (a) Explain Seebeck effect with suitable example. 7
- (b) Explain the performance of thermo-electric power generator. Also write its applications. 7
4. (a) What are the problems in operating large wind power generators ? 7
- (b) Discuss about wind electricity in small independent grids. 7
5. (a) Discuss basic photovoltaic system for power generator with suitable diagram. 7
- (b) Write advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic solar energy conversion. 7
6. Explain the construction and working of Geothermal power plant. Write five general categories of geothermal sources. 14

7. Discuss about solid fuels. Explain the classification and nature of fuels. Also write the importance of non-conventional sources of energy.

14

8. Write short notes on any **four** of the following :

$$4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$$

- (a) Fuel cells
- (b) Future prospects of non-conventional sources of energy
- (c) Dry process of Bio-mass conversion
- (d) Ocean thermal electric conversion
- (e) Steam generation
- (f) Solar furnaces