

**B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(COMPUTER INTEGRATED
MANUFACTURING)**

00312 **Term-End Examination**
December, 2014

BME-014 : METROLOGY AND INSTRUMENTATION

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Answer any **seven** questions. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Assume missing data suitably, if any.*

1. (a) Differentiate between primary and secondary standards. 3
- (b) What are the SI units of the following quantities : 2
Resistance, Inductance, Capacitance and Current.
- (c) The thermal conductivity of a metal is $0.3 \text{ cal/cm-s-}^\circ\text{C}$. Find its value in SI units. 5

2. (a) Differentiate between systematic and random errors. 4

(b) A certain obstruction-type flow meter is used to measure the flow of air at low velocities. The relation describing the flow rate is

$$m = CA \left[\frac{2p_1}{RT_1} (p_1 - p_2) \right]^{1/2}$$

where C is an empirical discharge coefficient, A is the flow area, p_1 and p_2 are the upstream and downstream pressures, T_1 is the upstream temperature and R is the gas constant for air.

Calculate the relative uncertainty in the mass flow rate for the following conditions :

$C = 0.92 \pm 0.005$ (from calibration data)

$p_1 = 25 \pm 0.5$ psia

$T_1 = 530 \pm 2^\circ$ R

$\Delta p = p_1 - p_2 = 1.4 \pm 0.005$ psia

$A = 1.0 \pm 0.001$ m² 6

3. List the essential parts of Vernier Height Gauge. Explain its working with a neat sketch. 10

4. Discuss the unilateral and bilateral systems of writing tolerances with suitable examples and explain which system is preferred in interchangeable manufacturing and why. 10

5. List out the commonly used gauges in production work. Illustrate the applications of any two with a neat sketch. 10
6. Describe the working principle, construction and advantages of optical comparator. 10
7. (a) What are angle gauges ? Explain with suitable examples how these are used for measuring angles. 6
(b) Mention the specific applications of angle gauges. 4
8. (a) Explain the working principle of Tool maker's microscope. 6
(b) Discuss its various applications. 4
9. Give brief description about important parts of a Co-ordinate Measuring Machine (CMM). 10
10. What do you mean by the term 'interferometer' ? What are their advantages over optical flats ? 10
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