

B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management)

Term-End Examination

December, 2014

00380

**ET-521(D) : QUANTITY SURVEYING
AND VALUATION**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

1. (a) Explain in brief, the steps adopted in preparing a Preliminary Estimate. 7
- (b) How is bill of quantities prepared ? Give a step-by-step procedure for the same. 7
- 2 (a) A school building is proposed to be constructed for 700 students. Calculate the plinth area. It is given that 7
 - (i) carpet area per student = 2.0 m^2 .
 - (ii) 20% of the built-up area will be occupied by the corridors, verandah, lavatories, staircases, etc.
 - (iii) 15% of the built-up area will be occupied by walls.

- (b) Write the units of measurement of the following : 7×1
- (i) Brick edging
 - (ii) Varnishing
 - (iii) Rock excavation
 - (iv) Skirting
 - (v) Tar felting
 - (vi) Sand filling
 - (vii) Spun yarn
3. (a) Describe the role of computers in managing a big building construction project. 7
- (b) Discuss the detailed specification of “first class brick work”. 7
4. Calculate the cost of 1 m³ of providing and laying cement concrete 1 : 5 : 10 (1 cement : 5 coarse sand : 10 stone aggregate) in foundation and plinth. Assume the rate as per present market. 14
5. (a) What do you mean by valuation ? List different methods of valuation of properties and explain any one method. 7
- (b) Discuss briefly the significance of “case laws” in valuation of a property. 7

6. A building costing ₹ 20,00,000 has been constructed on a freehold land measuring 200 m² recently in a small town. Prevailing rate of land in the neighbourhood is ₹ 500 per m². Determine the gross rent of the property per month if the expenditure on all the outgoings including sinking fund is ₹ 59,000 per annum. 14

Also assume net return

- (a) on building @ 10% on the cost of construction.
- (b) on land @ 5% on the cost of land.

7. Write short notes on the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$

- (a) Revised Estimate
- (b) Cost Index
- (c) Depreciation
- (d) Acquisition of land

8. Differentiate between the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$

- (a) Unit method and Cube method of estimation
- (b) Scrap and Salvage value
- (c) Layout and Preliminary plan
- (d) Depreciation and Obsolescence