

00280

**P.G. DIPLOMA IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY
(PGDAC)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2012

MCH-003 : SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Note : Answer any five questions in all. Question number 1 is compulsory.

-
1. Answer *any five* of the following : 5x3=15
- (a) Define -
 - (i) Nebulizer
 - (ii) Monochromator
 - (iii) Line spectrum
 - (b) What are the advantages of GFAAS ?
 - (c) What is the role of organic solvent in atomization ?
 - (d) Define sensitized fluorescence. Discuss its significance.
 - (e) State Beer-Lambert' law. List the deviations observed from this law.
 - (f) Explain the basic principle of mass spectrometry and list different types of peaks obtained in mass spectra.

2. (a) Explain - degree of depolarization in Raman spectrum. What is its significance ? 4
- (b) What kind of assembly is required for room temperature phosphorescence (RTP) measurement ? Explain with a suitable diagram. 6
- (c) Describe various types of reactions producing fluorescence. 5
3. (a) What types of interferences are possible in flame photometric analysis ? 5
- (b) Describe different mechanisms of non-radiative relaxation of an excited electronic state. 5
- (c) Describe the role of H_2O_2 in analysis of glucose in fluorimetry ? 5
4. (a) Differentiate between internal conversion and intersystem crossing. 4
- (b) What is chemiluminescence ? Explain how it is useful in the determination of NO - NO_2 in polluted air. 5
- (c) Give reasons - 6
- (i) AFS has not been accepted widely as analytical technique.
- (ii) Use of total consumption burner is exceptional.

5. (a) Explain why a sharp line source is required in atomic absorption spectrophotometry ? 5
- (b) Describe standard addition method of analysis for flame photometric measurements. 5
- (c) Ar is the best choice for all types of plasma sources. Justify. 5
6. (a) What are the slew scan instruments ? State the importance. 5
- (b) Describe applications of inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry. (ICPAES). 5
- (c) Draw a neat diagram of ICP torch and explain the working of various components involved in it. 5
7. (a) What are the advantages of using a magnet with higher field strength in NMR spectroscopy ? 4
- (b) Draw a schematic diagram of a double focussing mass spectrometer and explain its working. 6
- (c) How will you distinguish between ethanol (C_2H_5OH) and dimethyl ether (CH_3OCH_3) on the basis of NMR spectra. 5

8. (a) Discuss the importance of molecular formula and Index of Hydrogen Deficiency (IHD) in the structure elucidation of an organic compound. 5
- (b) Calculate IHD in the following cases - 3
- (i) $C_{10}H_{22}$
- (ii) C_7H_8
- (iii) $C_4H_{11}N$
- (c) A compound having formula C_3H_6O showed following spectral data -IR-strong absorption at 1700 cm^{-1} 7
- NMR - $\delta = 2.2$, single signal
- Mass - peak at $m/z = 15, 43, 58, M^+, = 58$
- Base peak = 43
- Determine the structure of the molecule and assign the signals.
-