DIPLOMA - VI EP MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (DMEVI)

Term-End Examination December, 2012

BIME-024: ENGINEERING METALLURGY

Time: 2 Hours	Marinaun	Maulea		70
Time . Z nours	Maximum	IVIarks -	:	70

Note: (i) Attempt total five questions. Question NO. 1 is compulsory.

- (ii) Attempt any four questions from 2 to 8.
- 1. Write correct answer of the following. 7x2=14
 - (a) Carbon in the steels is in:
 - (i) Graphite form
 - (ii) Coke form
 - (iii) Combined form
 - (iv) All the above forms
 - (b) Hot working is the process performed on iron and steel materials:
 - (i) Above recrystallisation temperature.
 - (ii) Below recrystallisation temperature.
 - (iii) In the liquid state.
 - (iv) Sub zero temperature.

Ann	ealing proc	ess m	akes the material :			
(i)	soft	(ii)	hard			
(iii)	brittle	(iv)	none of the above			
Bron	zes are the	alloys	s made of :			
(i)	Copper as	nd Alı	uminium			
(ii)	Aluminiu	m and	Tin			
(iii)	Tin and I	ron				
(iv)	Copper as	nd Tir	ı			
e) Wrought iron is :						
(i)	Heat treat	ted ea	sily.			
(ii)	Not heat	treated	d at all.			
(iii)	Heat treat	ed at	sub zero temperature			
(iv)	All of the	above	e.			
) Martensite is produced due to :						
(i)	Normalisi	ing				
(ii)	Hardenin	g				
(iii)	Annealing	g				
(iv)	Temperin	g				
Nitriding:						
(i)	Hardens o	compl	ete material			
(ii)	Softens th	ie mat	erial			
(iii)	Hardens s	surfac	e			
	(i) (iii) Brond (i) (iii) (iii) (iv) Wrod (i) (iii) (iv) Marri (i) (iii) (iv) Nitrati (i) (ii)	(i) soft (iii) brittle Bronzes are the (i) Copper ar (ii) Aluminium (iii) Tin and In (iv) Copper ar Wrought iron is (i) Heat treat (ii) Not heat (iii) Heat treat (iv) All of the Martensite is pr (i) Normalisi (ii) Hardenin (iii) Annealing (iv) Temperin Nitriding: (i) Hardens of (ii) Softens the	(i) soft (ii) (iii) brittle (iv) Bronzes are the alloys (i) Copper and Ala (ii) Aluminium and (iii) Tin and Iron (iv) Copper and Tir Wrought iron is: (i) Heat treated eas (ii) Not heat treated (iii) Heat treated at a single (iv) All of the above Martensite is produce (i) Normalising (ii) Hardening (iii) Annealing (iv) Tempering Nitriding:			

(iv) Increases malleability of the material

2.	(a)	With suitable sketch explain the dislocations in a crystal.	7
	(b)	Explain the method of indexing crystal planes and their directions.	7
3.	(a)	Explain the iron-iron carbide diagram with a suitable sketch.	7
	(b)	Write the classification of plain carbon and mention applications of each.	7
4.	(a)	Explain about special purpose steel and their application.	7
	(b)	Write the composition and application of gray cast iron and white cast iron.	7
5.	(a)	Write a short note on the application and composition of bearing materials.	7
	(b)	Write the advantages of heat treatment.	7
6.	(a)	Explain the advantages and applications of powder metallurgy.	7
	(b)	Explain different methods of powder conditioning.	7

- 7 (a) Write a brief note on production of sintered 7 structural components.
 (b) Explain the mechanical testing method for
 - (b) Explain the mechanical testing method for crank shafts.
- 8. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) Advantages of non-destructive testing
 - (b) Importance of CCT diagram 2x7=14
 - (c) Effect of the lattice structure on properties of metals
 - (d) Transformation of austenite on slow cooling below critical temperature.