

**B.Sc. IN MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNOLOGY
(BMIT)**

**Term-End Examination
December, 2012**

BAHI-032 : RADIOGRAPHIC IMAGING

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

PART - A

1. Fill in the blanks : **10x1=10**
- (a) The invisible image formed on the film is called _____ .
 - (b) The base of a photographic film is made up of _____ .
 - (c) The unsharpness resulting due to the big focal spot is _____ .
 - (d) The protective coating in a x-ray film is called _____ .
 - (e) Hurter and Driffield curve can also be called as _____ curve.
 - (f) A high speed film requires exposure to produce a specific density than a slower speed film.
 - (g) The emulsion layer consists of _____ suspended in the gelatin.

- (h) The instantaneous emission of light from a substance by radiation is called _____.
- (i) The rare earth screen are made up of _____
- (j) A poor developer will act on unexposed grains and produce _____ fog.

2. Write short notes on the following : **5x4=20**

- (a) Gamma in characteristic curve.
- (b) Contrast of the film.
- (c) Single emulsion film.
- (d) Fast intensifying screens
- (e) Safe lights.

PART-B

Attempt *any four* Questions :

4×10=40

1. Describe in detail about the construction of a radiographic film.
 2. Draw and describe the characteristic curve and explain how it is used.
 3. Write in detail about the design and construction of a dark room.
 4. List the constituents of developing solution and write their functions.
 5. Explain in detail about the different manual processing artifacts and how they can be avoided.
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