

**POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN  
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW (PGDENLW)**

**Term-End Examination**

**December, 2013**

**MLE-026 : ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
MECHANISMS**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 100*

*Note : This question paper has been divided into three parts. Part A, Part B and Part C. All parts are compulsory. You have to attempt all questions from Part A, four questions from Part B and two questions from Part C. Part A carries 20 marks, Part B carries 40 marks and Part C carries 40 marks.*

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**PART-A**

All questions are *compulsory*. Each question carries *two* marks : **2x10=20**

Write short notes on the following :

1. Concept of Absolute Liability
2. Right to life
3. Amicus curiae
4. Public Hearing Panel
5. Art. 32 of the constitution

6. Meaning of 'Non-Forest Purpose'
7. Concept of Aggrieved Person
8. Participatory Democracy
9. Art. 48A of the Constitution
10. Operational Deficiencies

### PART-B

Attempt *any four* questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks : 4x10=40

1. What do you understand by the rule of locus standi ? Discuss.
2. Discuss the role of Supreme Court in forest governance.
3. Analyse the importance of 186th Report of Law commission of India in the development of environmental law.
4. Explain the concept of 'Greening Justice' in International perspectives.
5. 'Citizen participation is one of the fundamentals of environmental management'. Explain.

6. Do you feel that India is lagging behind in effective public hearing process for a better environment ? Suggest measures.

### PART-C

Attempt **any two** questions from this part. Each question carries **20** marks : **2x20=40**

1. Discuss the aims and objects of Right to Information Act, 2005. Do you think that this Act is helpful in effective management of the environment ? Elaborate.
  2. "Rule of locus standi has been liberalised by the Supreme Court of India for the sake of expanding the scope of environmental jurisprudence". Explain with the help of case laws.
  3. Discuss in detail the scope of Environmental Impact Assessment and public hearing in ensuring effective environmental justice.
  4. What is compensatory afforestation. Examine the performance of compensatory afforestation fund management and planning authority in achieving its objectives.
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