

**DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(DME) / ADVANCED LEVEL CERTIFICATE IN
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(DMEVI/ACMEVI)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2013

BME-052 : BASICS OF THERMAL ENGINEERING

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Answer any five questions. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Use of steam table, Mollier chart are permitted.

1. (a) Explain the following : 5+9
- (i) Thermodynamic properties
 - (ii) Thermodynamic equilibrium
- (b) Calculate the change in internal energy, heat transfer and change in enthalpy for 0.5 kg of air expanding according to the law $Pv_{1,2} = c$ from 10 bar and 300°C to 1 bar. What will be the work done by the air during the expansion ?
 $R = 287 \text{ J/kgK}$.

2. (a) Explain Clausius inequality 4+10
(b) A reversible heat engine receives heat from a reservoir at 1000 K and rejects heat at a temperature at T_2 . A second reversible heat engine receives heat rejected by the first engine and rejects heat at a temperature of 100K. Determine temperature T_2 for
(i) equal efficiency of both engines
(ii) equal work of both engines.
3. (a) What is the purpose of steam safety valve ? 6+8
Explain its working with neat sketch.
(b) 1 kg of steam at 10 bar and 0.95 dry is throttled to 3 bar. Determine :
(i) final quality of steam
(ii) change in internal energy
(iii) change in entropy
4. (a) Explain regenerative steam cycle with neat 4+10
sketch.
(b) Steam is supplied to a turbine at a pressure of 32 bar and temperature of 420°C. It expands isentropically to a pressure of 0.08 bar. What is the dryness fraction at the end of expansion and thermal efficiency of the cycle ? Calculate the turbine power if the flow rate is 10kg/s.
5. (a) Explain the working and construction of 7+7
impulse steam turbine.
(b) Explain the working of Babcock and Wilcox Boiler with neat sketch.
6. (a) Explain the construction of any one type of 7+7
natural draft type cooling tower with the help of a neat sketch.
(b) Briefly explain the fuel handling process circuit in a power plant.

7. (a) Explain the following : 6+8
- (i) Thermal Radiation
 - (ii) Stefan Boltzmann's law
 - (iii) Kirchoff's law of radiation.
- (b) A standard CI pipe (inner dia 50mm and outer dia 55mm) is insulated with magnesium insulation ($K = 0.02 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$). Temperature at interface between pipe and insulation is 300°C . The allowable heat loss is 600W/m length of pipe and for the safety, outside surface temperature must not exceed 100°C . Determine the minimum thickness of insulation required and temperature of the inside surface of the pipe. Assume K of pipe $20 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$
8. Write short notes on the following : 7+7
- (a) Wind Energy
 - (b) Nuclear Energy.
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