

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(COMPUTER INTEGRATED
MANUFACTURING)
B.Tech. (Aerospace Engineering)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2013

**BME-021 : PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONICS SCIENCE**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Answer seven questions in all. Three questions from section - A, three questions from section-B and the compulsory question number 1.

1. State whether the following assertions are **true** or **false** : **10×1=10**
- (a) Pure semiconductors behave like an insulator at low resistance.
 - (b) If 2 capacitors of 5F are in parallel, the net capacitance is 10F.
 - (c) A constant current source has infinite internal resistance.
 - (d) Total resistance of a parallel circuit is double of the smallest branch resistance.
 - (e) During series resonance, current in the circuit is minimum.

- (f) A modem is a device which allows 2 computers to communicate over standard phone lines.
- (g) In a zener diode, a large current change produces a very small change in the diode voltage in the breakdown region.
- (h) An astable multivibrator using op-amp comparator is used to generate symmetrical square wave signal.
- (i) In 3 - phase star connection $V_L = V_{ph}$ and $I_L = \sqrt{3} I_{ph}$.
- (j) The number of address lines in 8085 microprocessor determines the number of memory locations that the CPU can address.

SECTION-A

Answer **any three** questions from this section.

- 2. (a) State and explain Thevenin's Theorem with suitable example. 5
- (b) Find out the value of resistance 'R' in the figure 1. 5

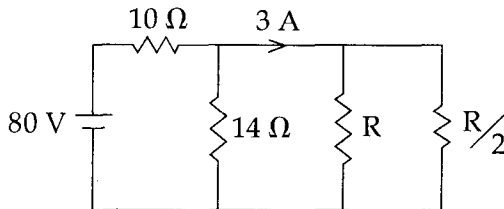


Fig. 1

3. (a) Define and explain in brief rms value and average value for any alternating quantity. 5
- (b) Find the rms, average values and form factor for the full wave rectified sine wave shown in the figure 2. 5

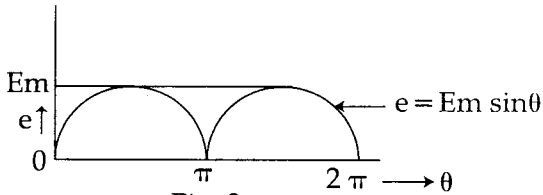


Fig. 2

4. (a) Explain what you understand by co-efficient of coupling. Derive the expression for it. 5
- (b) An iron ring having a cross sectional area of $5 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$ and a mean diameter of 18 cm has a coil of 270 turns uniformly wound over it. A current of 1.27 A flows through the coil which produces a flux of 1.13 mWb in the ring. Find the reluctance of the circuit and the relative permeability of iron. 5
5. (a) Explain the principle of operation of a 3 - phase Induction motor. 6
- (b) A 3 phase, 4 pole induction motor is supplied from a 50 Hz , 400 V supply. The motor runs at a speed of 1450 rpm . Calculate, 4
- (i) Synchronous speed.
 - (ii) % slip of the motor.
 - (iii) If the slip is 4% , calculate the rotor speed.

6. (a) Explain resonance in parallel a.c circuits. Hence derive the formula of the frequency at which the circuit resonates. **6**
- (b) An inductive coil having a resistance of 17Ω and inductance of 0.5H is connected in parallel with a capacitor of $120\ \mu\text{F}$. Find the frequency at which the circuit becomes purely resistive. Also find the current under this condition. Supply voltage is 230V . **4**

SECTION-B

Answer **any three** questions from this section.

7. (a) Explain the I-V characteristics of a P-N junction diode. **5**
- (b) Discuss in brief the operation of JFET. **5**
8. Explain in detail the architecture of 8085 microprocessor. **10**
9. (a) Explain the use of 555 timer IC as an astable multivibrator. **5**
- (b) Discuss the working of an SR type flip-flop. **5**
10. (a) Discuss working of a Digital to Analog Convertor (DAC). **5**
- (b) Which arithmetic operators are used in a microprocessor. Explain with examples. **5**
11. (a) Discuss use of a BJT as a common emitter amplifier. **5**
- (b) What are the basic functions of MODEM ? **5**