

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(COMPUTER INTEGRATED
MANUFACTURING)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2013

BME-015 : ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any ten questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of calculator is permitted.

1. Test the following series for convergence. 7

$$\frac{x}{1.2} + \frac{x^2}{2.3} + \frac{x^3}{3.4} + \frac{x^4}{4.5} + \dots \infty$$

2. Discuss the convergence of the series 7

$$x + \frac{2^2 x^2}{2!} + \frac{3^3 x^3}{3!} + \frac{4^4 x^4}{4!} + \frac{5^5 x^5}{5!} + \dots \infty$$

3. A function is defined by : 7

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi + x & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \pi - x & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$$

Obtain the fourier series.

4. A function $f(x)$ is defined over the interval $0 < x < \pi$ by 7

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

for the range $x=0$ to $x=\pi$, determine the fourier sine series.

5. Find the real number x and y , so that $z_1 = z_2$, 7
where

$$z_1 = 3x + 5yi ; z_2 = 2y + (3x + 3)i$$

6. Evaluate the following integrals 7

$\int_C z^2 dz$ where C is the arc of the circle $|z| = 2$ from c

$$\theta = 0 \text{ to } \theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

7. If $2 \cos\theta = x + \frac{1}{x}$ and $2 \cos\phi = y + \frac{1}{y}$, show that 7

one of the values of $x^m y^n + \frac{1}{x^m y^n}$ is

$$2 \cos (m\theta + n\phi).$$

8. If $\tan \log (x + iy) = a + ib$, where $a^2 + b^2 \neq 1$, show 7

$$\text{that } \tan \log (x^2 + y^2) = \frac{2a}{1 - a^2 - b^2}.$$

9. Show that the polar form of Cauchy - Riemann equations are 7

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \theta}; \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}$$

Deduce that
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = 0$$

10. Find the bilinear transformation which maps 7
 $1, i, -1$ to $2, i, -2$ respectively.

11. Prove that $\int_C \frac{1}{z-a} dz = 2\pi i$ where C is the circle 7

$$|z - a| = r.$$

12. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 6 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = y \cos x$ 7

13. Solve $(y+z) p - (x+z) q = x - y$. 7

14. Solve : 7

$$(D^2 - 5D + 6) y = e^x \cos 2x.$$

15. Solve : 7

$$\sec^2 y \frac{dy}{dx} + x \tan y = x^3.$$
