

**Master of Commerce
(M.Com)**

**Fourth Semester
Assignments
2025-2026**

For July 2025 and January 2026 admission cycle



**School of Management Studies
Indira Gandhi National Open University
Maidan Garhi, New Delhi -110 068**



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ASSIGNMENTS – 2025-2026**

Dear Students,

As explained in the Programme Guide, you have to do one Tutor Marked Assignment for each course. We are sending the assignments of all the six courses together in this booklet.

Assignment is given 30% weightage in the final assessment. To be eligible to appear in the Term-End Examination, it is compulsory for you to submit the assignments as per the schedule. Before attempting the assignments, you should carefully read the instructions given in the Programme Guide.

These assignments are valid for two admission cycles (**July 2025 and January 2026**). The validity is given below:

1. Those who are enrolled in **July 2025**, it is valid upto **June 2026**.
2. Those who are enrolled in **January 2026**, it is valid upto **December 2026**.

In case you are planning to appear in June Term-End Examination, you must submit the assignments to the Coordinator of your Study Centre latest by **15th March**, and if you are planning to appear in December Term-End Examination, you must submit them latest by **15th October**.

TUTOR MARKED ASSIGNMENT

COURSE CODE	:	IBO-01
COURSE TITLE	:	International Business Environment
ASSIGNMENT CODE	:	IBO-01/TMA/2025-2026
COVERAGE	:	ALL BLOCKS

Maximum Marks: 100

Attempt all the questions:

1.
 - a) Define Balance of payments disequilibrium. Discuss the major factors affecting balance of payments and the methods of correcting disequilibrium. **(10+10)**
 - b) Distinguish between tariff and non- tariff barriers. Explain various non- tariff barriers to restrict the international trade.
2. What is Globalisation? Describe major forces of globalisation. In what ways does globalisation shape strategic decisions and market expansion in international business? Explain giving suitable examples. **(4+8+8)**
3. **Comment on the following:** **(4×5)**
 - a) Utilitarian is preferred in European countries.
 - b) Agriculture has traditionally been one of the least contentious areas of world trade.
 - c) Settlement is not a desirable solution for business disputes of international character.
 - d) Service sector is not economically important for providing jobs.
4. **Distinguish between:** **(4×5)**
 - a) Classical theory and Neo-classical theory
 - b) Regionalism and Multilateralism
 - c) Arbitration and Litigation
 - d) Telnet and Internet
5. **Write short notes on the following:** **(4×5)**
 - a) Factor Price Equalisation Theorem
 - b) Commodity Composition
 - c) Agreement on Anti- dumping
 - d) International Finance Corporation

TUTOR MARKED ASSIGNMENT

COURSE CODE	:	IBO-06
COURSE TITLE	:	International Business Finance
ASSIGNMENT CODE	:	IBO-06/TMA/2025-2026
COVERAGE	:	ALL BLOCKS

Maximum Marks: 100

Attempt all the questions:

1. “A System of Floating exchange rate fails when government ignores the verdict of the exchange markets on their policies and resort to direct controls over trade and capital flows”. Justify the statement. (20)
2. What are the various purposes of different money market instruments? Explain international monetary transfer mechanism citing suitable examples. (8+12)
3.
 - a) What do you mean by Transaction exposure? Describe various techniques available to manage transaction exposure both in the short term as well as in the long term. (10+10)
 - b) What factors determine centralization/decentralization of exchange risk management? Which policy would you advocate for Indian Multinationals? Why?
4.
 - a) Explain the technique of Transfer Pricing with the help of a suitable illustration. (10+10)
 - b) How does Adjusted Present Value technique differ from other techniques of financial appraisal of Projects? Why is it more suitable for international project appraisal?
5.
 - a) “Degree of development of financial markets in any country affect the capital structure pattern of domestic companies” Explain with suitable examples. (10+10)
 - b) What do you understand by positioning and unbundling of funds? What are the constraints on positioning of funds? How blocked funds can be moved out of a country?