

00544

**DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(DMEVI)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2011

BIME-023 : ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any five. First question is compulsory. Use of steam - tables and Mollier's chart is allowed.

1. Fill in the blanks :

- (a) A system consisting of single phase is called _____ system. 2
- (b) The _____ law provides that basis for temperature measurement. 2
- (c) A perfect gas obey the law _____. 2
- (d) Internal energy is a _____ of a system. 2
- (e) The processes involved in carnot cycle are _____ and _____. 2
- (f) Entropy of an isolated system either _____ or _____. 2
- (g) A mixed phase of liquid and gas is called _____ 2

2. (a) What is meant by thermodynamic equilibrium? 7
- (b) The relationship between pressure and volume in a non - flow process is prescribed by the expression $p = \left(\frac{3}{v} + 2 \right)$, where pressure p is in bar and volume is in m^3 . During the process 1600 kJ of heat is added to the gas and the volume changes from 1.2 m^3 to 4 m^3 . Determine the change in internal energy. 7
3. (a) State the limitations of first law of thermodynamics. 7
- (b) In a certain heat exchanger 50 kg of water is heated per minute from 50°C to 110°C by hot gases which enter the heat exchanger at 250°C. If the flow rate of gases is 100 kg/min, estimate the net change in entropy 7
- C_p for water = 4.186 kJ/kgK
 C_p for gas = 1 kJ/kgK
4. (a) A centrifugal pump delivers 2750 kg of water per minute from initial pressure of 0.8 bar (absolute) to a final pressure of 2.8 bar (absolute). The suction is 2 m below and the delivery is 5 m above the centre of the pump. If the suction and delivery pipes are of 15 cm and 10 cm diameter respectively. Make calculations for power required to drive the pump. 7
- (b) Explain the Carnot cycle with p-v and T-s diagrams. Derive the expression for efficiency of Carnot Heat Engine. 7

5. (a) A steam turbine working on Rankine cycle is supplied with dry saturated steam at 25 bar and the exhaust takes place at 0.2 bar. For a steam flow rate of 10 kg/sec. Calculate
- (i) quality of steam of the end of expansion
 - (ii) turbine shaft work
 - (iii) Efficiency of cycle
- (b) Explain the working of throttling calorimeter. 7
6. (a) A lump of 800 kg of steel at 1250 K is to be cooled to 500 K. If it is desired to use the steel as source of energy, calculate the available and unavailable energies. Take specific heat of steel as 0.5 kJ/kgK and ambient temperature as 300 K. 7
- (b) Explain the loss of available energy due to heat transfer through a finite Temperature difference. 7
7. (a) The percentage analysis by mass of a solid fuel is :
C = 87%, H₂ = 3%, O₂ = 3%, N₂ = 1%, S = 1% and the remainder is ash. If 50% excess air is supplied. Find
- (i) the theoretical amount of air required to complete the combustion of fuel.
 - (ii) volumetric analysis of wet flue gases and the mass of flue gas per kg of fuel.
- (b) Derive Availability function for a non - flow system. 7