Diploma in Civil Engineering

Term-End Examination June, 2011

Tim	e : 2 h	ours	Maximum I	Maximum Marks : 70	
Note: Answer any five questions including question number 1 which is compulsory.					
1.	(a)	Answer <i>any two</i> of the following in brief (2-3 lines only): 2x2=4			
		(i)	Define segregation and bleeding.		
		(ii)	Why lightweight concrete is prefer to dense concrete?	able	
		(iii)	What is meant by steam curing?		
	(b)	Fill i	n the blanks (any Four):	4x1½=6	
		(i)	Concrete is a mixture of cement, so coarse aggregate and certain proportion.	•	
		(ii)	ISI has specified the strength concrete after days.	n of	
		(iii)	Modulus of rupture of concrete measure of	is a	
		(iv)	Bulking of sand is maximum moisture content is about		
		(v)	According to Indian standards, pozzolana content in portl pozzolana cement is	and	

1.

- (c) select the correct option (any Four):
 - (i) Workablility of concrete is directly proportional to (time of transit/ grading of the aggregate/watercement ratio)

4x1 = 4

2x3 = 6

- (ii) The strength of concrete after one year as compared to 28 days strength is about (10 to 15%/15 to 20%/20 to 25%) more.
- (iii) The fineness modulus of fine aggregate is in the range of (2.0 to 3.5/3.5 to 5.0/5.0 to 7.0)
- (iv) For walls, columns and vertical faces of all structural members, the frame work is generally removed after (24 to 48 hours/3days/7days/14 days)
- (v) According to IS: 456, the maximum reinforcement in a column is (2%/4%/6%/8%)
- 2. (a) Differentiate between *any two* of the following: 2x4=8
 - (i) Flakiness index and Elongation index
 - (ii) Accelerator and Retarder admixtures
 - (iii) weight batching and volume batching
 - (b) Define the following (any two):
 - (i) Cement factor
 - (ii) Fineness modulus
 - (iii) Fibre Reinforced Concrete

3.	(a)	What are the raw materials required for		
		manufacture of cement? Describe	the	
		procedure of determining the compres	ssive	
		strength of cement in laboratory	2+6=8	

- (b) Enlist different types of cement . Explain composition and properties of any two in brief.
 2+4=6
- 4. (a) Enlist different mechanical properties of aggregates. Describe in brief the procedure for determining aggregate impact value. 4+4=8
 - (b) Enlist the various types of important impurities present in water. Explain the effect of presence of suspended particles in water on the various properties of concrete.

 3+3=6
- **5.** (a) Explain bleeding of concrete and give the factor responsible for bleeding of concrete.
 - (b) Determine the quantities of coarse aggregate and fine aggregate for one bag of cement to prepare a mix of 1:1.5:3 proportion by volume (in dry state). Consider the bulking of fine aggregate as 20%.
- 6. (a) List the different types of vibrators used for compaction of concrete. Explain screed vibrator in detail.
 - (b) Enlist different methods of curing. What is steam curing? 4+2=6

- 7. Write short notes on *any four* of the following:
 - (a) yield of concrete

 $4x3\frac{1}{2}=1$

- (b) Method of concreting
- (c) Cold weather concreting
- (d) Gunite
- (e) Colcrete
- (f) Heavy concrete